



Civil & Structural Engineering Design Services Pty. Ltd.

Client: Extreme Marquees Pty Ltd

Project: Design check – 6m, 8m , 8m , 10m , 12m , 14m & 16m Single Pole Star Shade Structure for 45km/hr Wind Speed

Reference: Extreme Marquees Technical Data

Report by: KZ
Checked by: EAB
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JOB NO: E-11-265260



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1 Introduction

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The following structural drawings and calculations are for the applicable transportable tents supplied by Extreme Marquees Pty Ltd.

The report examines the effect of 3s gust wind of 45 km/hr on 16m Single Pole Star Shade Structure as the worst case scenario. The relevant Australian Standards AS1170.0:2002 General principles, AS1170.1:2002 Permanent, imposed and other actions and AS1170.2:2011 Wind actions are used. The design check is in accordance with AS/NZS 1664.1 Aluminum Limit State Design.



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2 Design Restrictions and Limitations

- 2.1 The erected structure is for temporary use only.
- 2.2 It should be noted that if high gust wind speeds are anticipated or forecast in the locality of the tent, the temporary erected structure should be dismantled.
- 2.3 For forecast winds in excess of (**refer to summary**) the structure should be completely folded.
(Please note that the locality squall or gust wind speed is affected by factors such as terrain exposure and site elevations.)
- 2.4 The structure may only be erected in regions with wind classifications no greater than the limits specified on the attached wind analysis.
- 2.5 The wind classifications are based upon category 2 in AS. Considerations have also been made to the regional wind terrain category, topographical location and site shielding from adjacent structures. Please note that in many instances topographical factors such as a location on the crest of a hill or on top of an escarpment may yield a higher wind speed classification than that derived for a higher wind terrain category in a level topographical region. For this reason, particular regard shall be paid to the topographical location of the structure. For localities which do not conform to the standard prescribed descriptions for wind classes as defined above, a qualified Structural Engineer may be employed to determine an appropriate wind class for that the particular site.
- 2.6 The structures in no circumstances shall ever be erected in tropical or severe tropical cyclonic condition.
- 2.7 The tent structure has not been designed to withstand snow and ice loadings such as when erected in alpine regions.
- 2.8 For the projects, where the site conditions approach the design limits, extra consideration should be given to pullout tests of the stakes and professional assessment of the appropriate wind classification for the site.
- 2.9 Design of fabric by others.**
- 2.10 No Fabrics or doors should be used for covering the sides of unbraced Folding Marquees due to the lack of bracing within the system and insufficient out-of-plane stiffness of framing.**

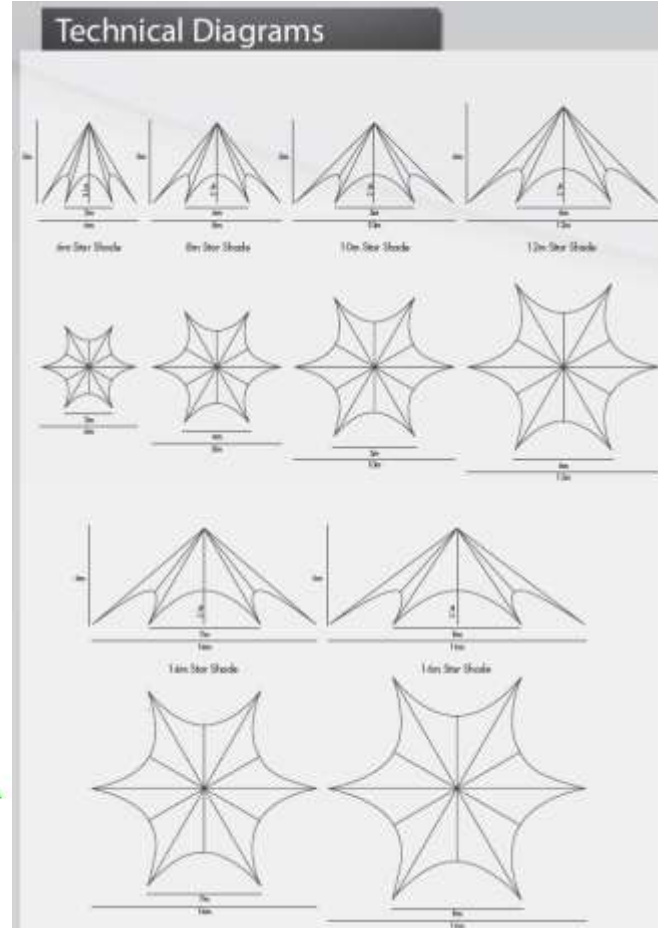
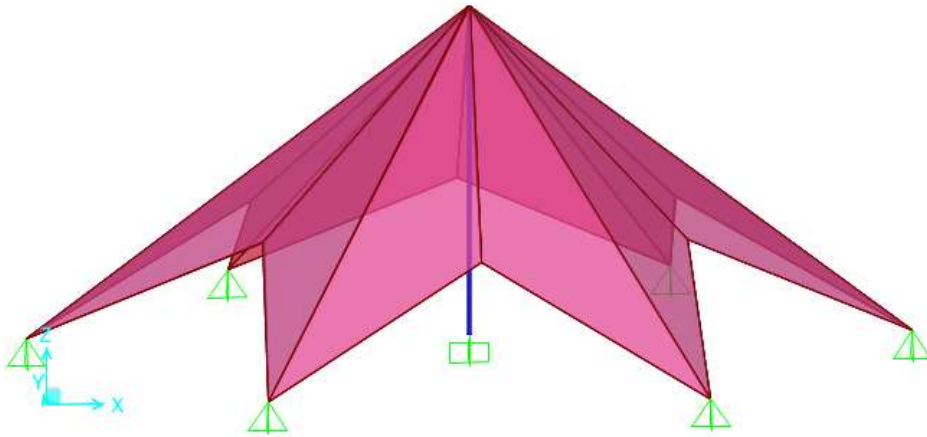


3 Specifications

3.1 General

Tent category	
Material	Aluminum 6061T6

Size	Model
16m	16m Single Pole Star Shade



Item	Specification					
Size	6m	8m	10m	12m	14m	16m
Height	5m	5m	5m	6m	6m	6m
Clearance	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m	2.1m
Centre Pole	Aluminium					
Feet & Pins	Steel					
PVC Fabric	580GSM Imported Belgian PVC					
Poly Fabric	PVC enforced polyester					
Package includes:	Steel Pins, PVC Transportation Bag					
Engineer Certification	Engineer Structural Certificate, Resistance of Fabrics to Water Penetration Test, Ultra Violet Protection Test, Fire Action Analysis					



3.2 Section Properties

MEMBER(S)	Section	d	t	y _c	A _g	Z _x	Z _y	S _x	S _y	I _x	I _y	J	r _x	r _y
		mm	mm	mm	mm ²	mm ³	mm ³	mm ³	mm ³	mm ⁴	mm ⁴	mm ⁴	mm	mm
Upright Support	D63x2.5	63	2.5	31.5	475.2	6913.5	6913.5	9155.8	9155.8	217774.5	217774.5	435548.9	21.4	21.4

4 Design Loads

4.1 Ultimate

		Distributed load (kPa)	Design load factor (-)	Factored imposed load (kPa)
Live	Q	-	1.5	-
Self weight	G	self weight	1.35, 1.2, 0.9	1.2 self weight, 0.9 self weight
3s 45km/hr gust	W	0.078 C _{fig}	1.0	0.078 C _{fig}

4.2 Load Combinations

4.2.1 Serviceability

$$\text{Gravity} = 1.0 \times G$$

$$\text{Wind} = 1.0 \times G + 1.0 \times W$$

4.2.2 Ultimate

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Downward} &= 1.35 \times G \\ &= 1.2 \times G + W_u \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Upward} = 0.9 \times G + W_u$$

5 Wind Analysis

Wind towards surface (+ve), away from surface (-ve)

5.1 Parameters

Terrain category = 2

Site wind speed ($V_{\text{sit},\beta}$) = $V_R M_d (M_{z,\text{cat}} M_s M_t)$

$V_R = 12.50 \text{ m/s (45 km/hr)}$

(regional 3 s gust wind speed)

$M_d = 1$

$M_s = 1$

$M_t = 1$

$M_{z,\text{cat}} = 0.91$

(Table 4.1(B) AS1170.2)

$V_{\text{sit},\beta} = 11.38 \text{ m/s}$



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Height of structure (h) = 4 m (mid of peak and eave)
 Width of structure (w) = 16 m
 Length of structure (l) = 16 m
 Pressure (P) = $0.5\rho_{\text{air}} (V_{\text{sit},\beta})^2 C_{\text{fig}} C_{\text{dyn}}$
 = 0.078 C_{fig} kPa

5.2 Pressure Coefficients (C_{fig})

Name	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes	Ref.
Input					
Importance level		2			Table 3.1 - Table 3.2 (AS1170.0)
Annual probability of exceedance		Temporary			Table 3.3
Regional gust wind speed		45	Km/hr		Table 3.1 (AS1170.2)
Regional gust wind speed	V_R	12.50	m/s		
Wind Direction Multipliers	M_d	1			Table 3.2 (AS1170.2)
Terrain Category Multiplier	$M_{Z,\text{Cat}}$	0.91			Table 4.1 (AS1170.2)
Shield Multiplier	M_s	1			4.3 (AS1170.2)
Topographic Multiplier	M_t	1			4.4 (AS1170.2)
Site Wind Speed	$V_{\text{Site},\beta}$	11.38	m/s	$V_{\text{Site},\beta} = V_R * M_d * M_{z,\text{cat}} * M_s * M_t$	
Pitch	α	30	Deg		
Pitch	α	0.52	rad		
Width	B	-	m		
Length	D	-	m		
Height	Z	4	m		
Wind Pressure					
ρ_{air}	ρ	1.2	Kg/m ³		
dynamic response factor	C_{dyn}	1			
Wind Pressure	$\rho * C_{\text{fig}}$	0.078	Kg/m ²	$\rho = 0.5\rho_{\text{air}} * (V_{\text{des},\beta})^2 * C_{\text{fig}} * C_{\text{dyn}}$	2.4 (AS1170.2)
WIND DIRECTION 1&2					
External Pressure					
4. Free Roof				$\alpha = 0^\circ$	



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Area Reduction Factor	K_a	1			<i>D7</i>
local pressure factor	K_l	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	K_p	1			
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{p,w}$	-0.3			
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{p,w}$	0.8			
External Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{p,l}$	-0.7			
External Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{p,l}$	0			
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,w}$	-0.30			
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,w}$	0.80			
aerodynamic shape factor MIN	$C_{fig,l}$	-0.70			
aerodynamic shape factor MAX	$C_{fig,l}$	0.00			
Pressure Windward MIN	P	-0.02	kPa		
Pressure Windward MAX	P	0.06	kPa		
Pressure Leeward MIN	P	-0.05	kPa		
Pressure Leeward MAX	P	0.00	kPa		



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5.2.1 Pressure summary

WIND EXTERNAL PRESSURE	Direction1&2	
	Min (Kpa)	Max (Kpa)
W	-0.02	0.06
L	-0.05	0.00

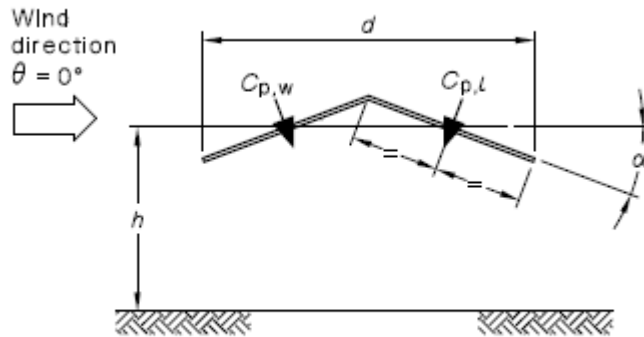
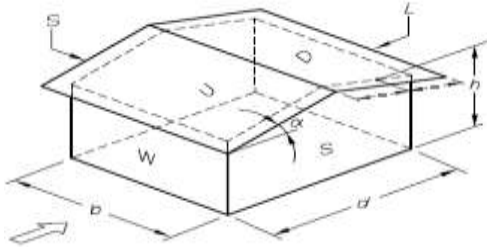
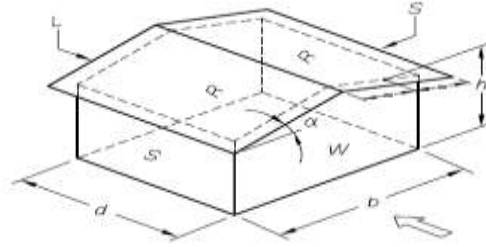


FIGURE D3 PITCHED FREE ROOFS



Direction 1



Direction 2

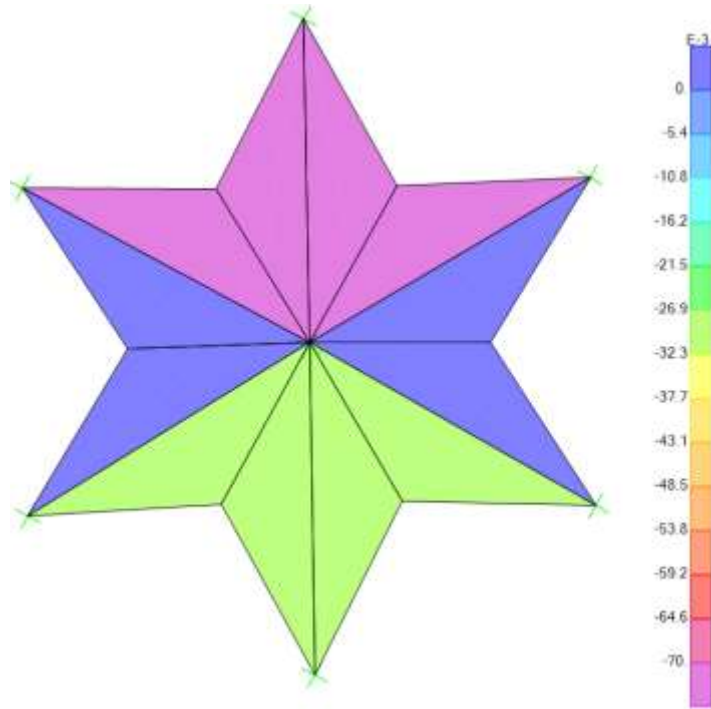
AS1170.2



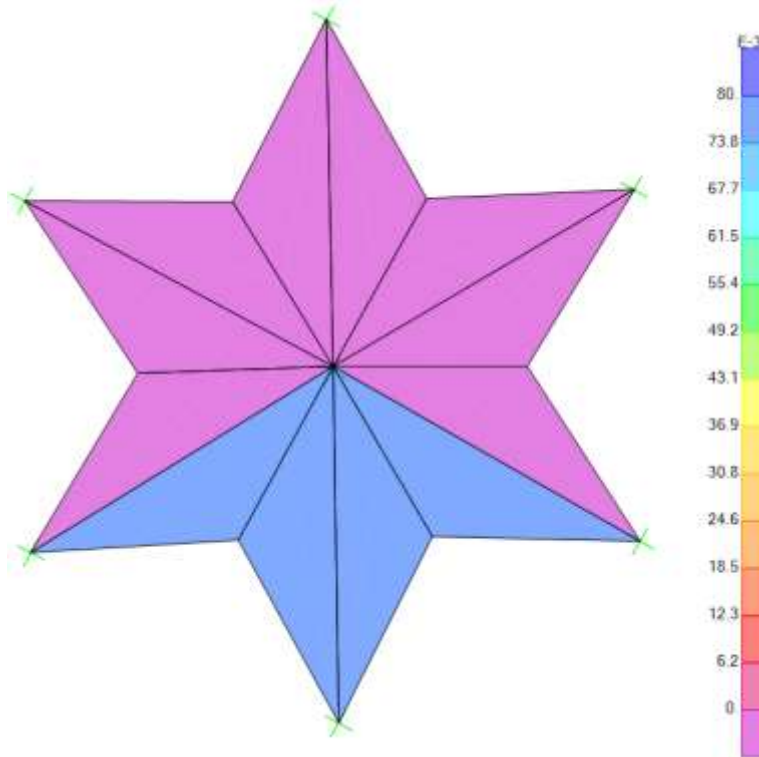
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5.3 Wind Load Diagrams

5.3.1 Wind 1(case 1)

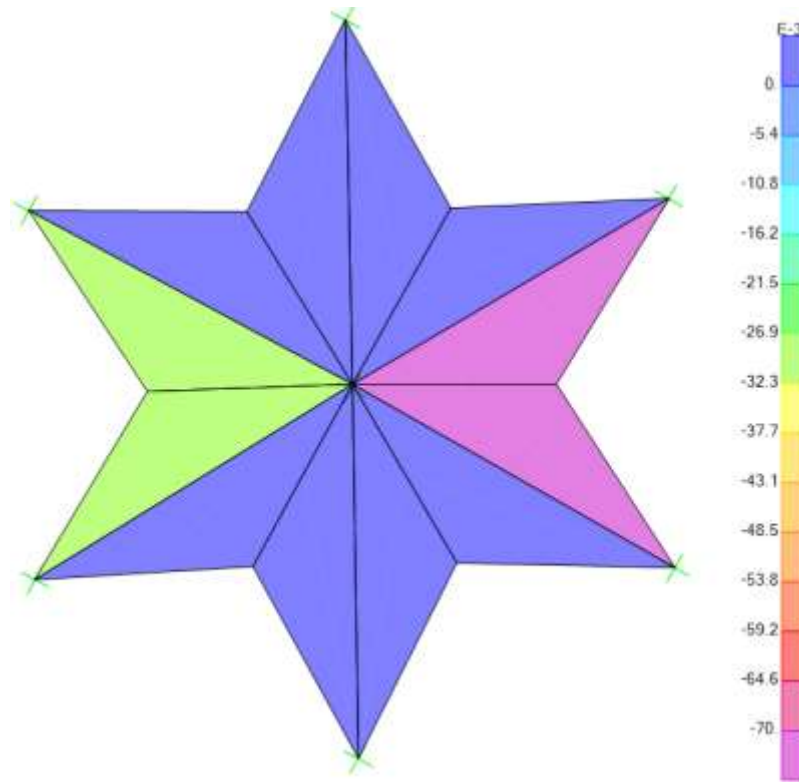


5.3.2 Wind 1(case 2)

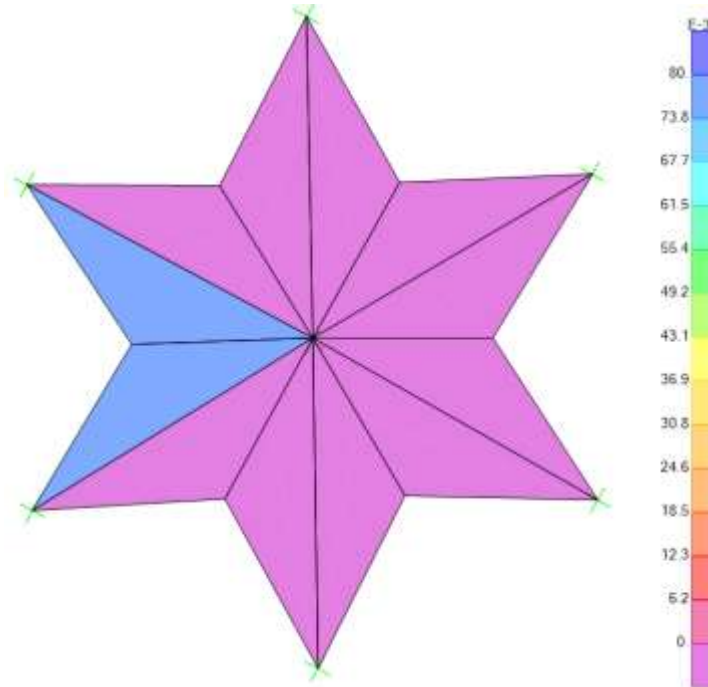




5.3.3 Wind 2(Case1)



5.3.4 Wind 2(case 2)

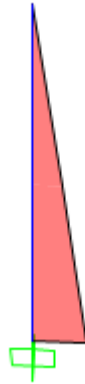


After 3D model analysis, each member is checked based on adverse load combination. In this regard the maximum bending moment, shear and axial force due to adverse load combinations for each member are presented as below:

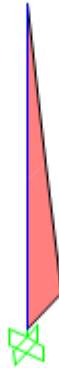


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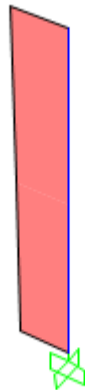
5.3.5 Max Bending Moment due to critical load combination in major axis



5.3.6 Max Bending Moment in minor axis due to critical load combination



5.3.7 Max Shear in due to critical load combination



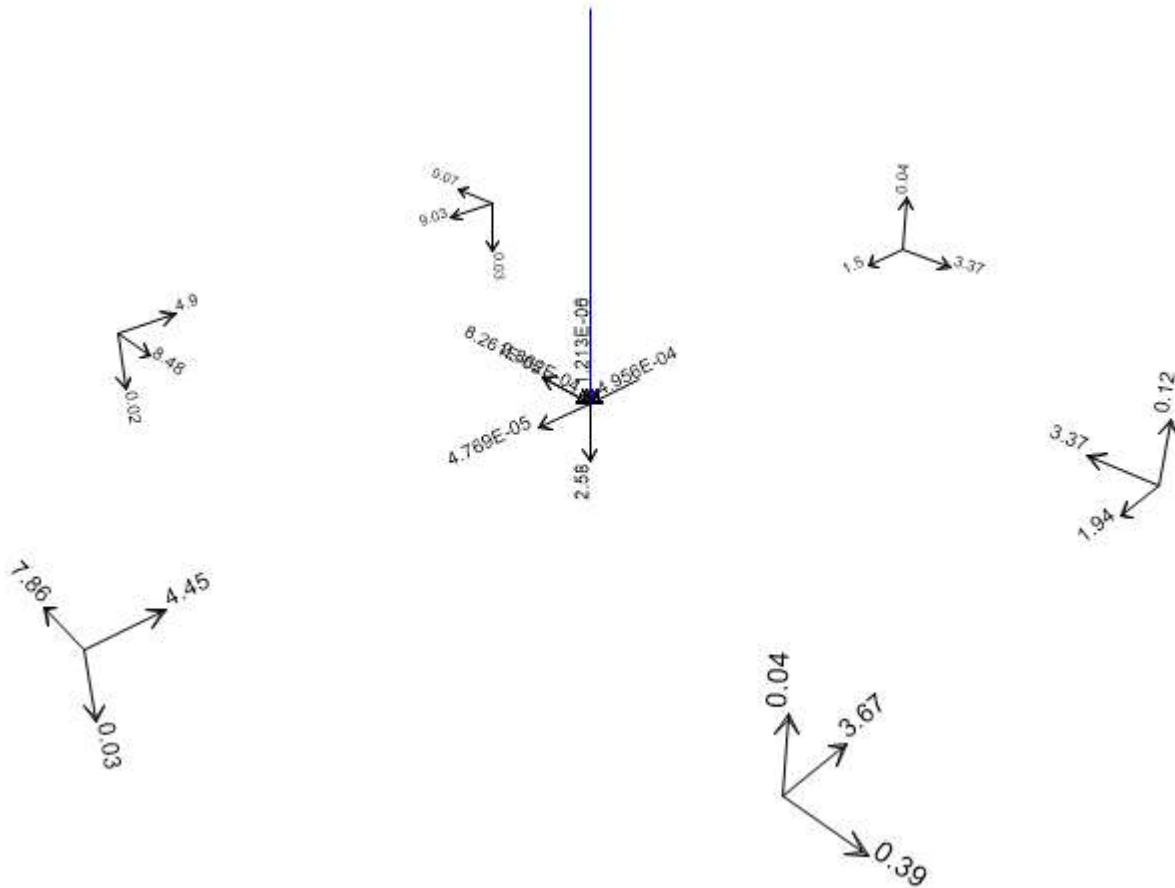


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5.3.8 Max Axial force in upright support and roof beam due to critical load combination



5.3.9 Max reactions



Max Reaction $N^* = 2.6\text{kN}$



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6 Checking Members Based on AS1664.1 ALUMINUM LIMIT STATE DESIGN

6.1 Centre Pole

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
D63x2.5	Upright Support				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	F_{tu}	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	F_{ty}	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	F_{cy}	= 241	MPa		
Shear	F_{su}	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	F_{sy}	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	F_{bu}	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	F_{by}	= 386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	= 70000	MPa	Compressive	
	k_t	= 1.0			T3.4(B)
	k_c	= 1.0			
FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS					
Axial force	P	= 3.847	kN	compression	
	P	= 0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	M_x	= 0.000572	kNm		
		3			
Out of plane moment	M_y	= 0.000991	kNm		
		3			
DESIGN STRESSES					
Gross cross section area	A_g	= 475.1658	mm ²		
		9			
In-plane elastic section modulus	Z_x	= 6913.475	mm ³		
		1			
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	Z_y	= 6913.475	mm ³		
		1			
Stress from axial force	f_a	= P/A_g			
		= 8.10	MPa	compression	
		= 0.00	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	f_{bx}	= M_x/Z_x			
		= 0.08	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane	f_{by}	= M_y/Z_y			



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bending	=	0.14	MPa	compression	
<i>Tension</i>					
3.4.3 Tension in round or oval tubes					3.4.3
ϕF_L	=	267.87	MPa		
	O				
	R				
ϕF_L	=	276.15	MPa		
COMPRESSION					
3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section					
1. General					3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	L	=	6000	mm	
Effective length factor	k	=	1		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	r_y	=	21.41	mm	
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	r_x	=	21.41	mm	
Slenderness ratio	kLb/ry	=	280.27		
Slenderness ratio	kL/rx	=	280.27		
Slenderness parameter	λ	=	5.23		
	D_c^*	=	90.3		
	S_1^*	=	0.33		
	S_2^*	=	1.23		
	ϕ_{cc}	=	0.950		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	8.36	MPa	
2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling					3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	kL/r	=	280.27		
3.4.11 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section					
<i>Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - curved plates with both edges, walls of round or oval tube</i>					3.4.11
					T3.3(D)
mid-thickness radius of round tubular column or maximum mid-thickness radius	R_m	=	30.25		
	t	=	2.5	mm	
Slenderness	R_m/t	=	12.1		
Limit 1	S_1	=	0.24		
Limit 2	S_2	=	672.46		



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Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	F_a	=	8.36	MPa	
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	F_a	=	267.87	MPa	
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	f_a/F_a	=	0.97		PASS
BENDING - IN-PLANE					
3.4.13 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section round or oval tubes					
Unbraced length for bending	L_b	=	6000	mm	
Second moment of area (weak axis)	I_y	=	2.18E+05	mm ⁴	
Torsion modulus	J	=	4.36E+05	mm ³	
Elastic section modulus	Z	=	6913.475	mm ³	
	R_b/t	=	12.10		
Limit 1	S_1	=	44.07		
Limit 2	S_2	=	78.23		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	267.87	MPa	3.4.13
3.4.18 Compression in components of beams - curved plates with both edges supported					
	k_1	=	0.5		T3.3(D)
	k_2	=	2.04		T3.3(D)
mid-thickness radius of round tubular column or maximum mid-thickness radius	R_b	=	30.25	mm	
	t	=	2.5	mm	
Slenderness	R_b/t	=	12.1		
Limit 1	S_1	=	2.75		
Limit 2	S_2	=	78.23		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	F_{bx}	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	f_{bx}/F_{bx}	=	0.00		PASS



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BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE					
<i>NOTE: Limit state stresses, ϕF_L are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)</i>					
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	F_{by}	=	221.14	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	f_{by}/F_{by}	=	0.00		PASS
COMBINED ACTIONS					
4.1.1 Combined compression and bending					4.1.1
	F_a	=	8.36	MPa	3.4.11
	F_{ao}	=	221.14	MPa	3.4.11
	F_{bx}	=	221.14	MPa	3.4.18
	F_{by}	=	221.14	MPa	3.4.18
	f_a/F_a	=	0.969		
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$				4.1.1
i.e.	0.97	\leq	1.0		PASS
SHEAR					
3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)					3.4.24
	R	=	31.5	mm	
	t	=	2.5	mm	
Equivalent h/t	h/t	=	52.49		
Limit 1	S_1	=	29.01		
Limit 2	S_2	=	59.31		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	107.33	MPa	
Stress From Shear force	f_{sx}	=	V/A_w		
			0.00	MPa	
3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)					3.4.25
Clear web height	R	=	31.5	mm	
	t	=	2.5	mm	
Equivalent h/t	h/t	=	52.49		
Factored limit state stress	ϕF_L	=	107.33	MPa	



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Stress From Shear force

$$f_{sy} = \frac{V}{A_w} \text{ MPa}$$

0.00

7 Summary

7.1 Conclusions

- a. The 16m Single Pole Star Shade Structure as specified has been analyzed with a conclusion that it has the capacity to withstand wind speeds up to and including **45km/hr**.
- b. For forecast winds in excess of **45km/hr** – the structure should be completely dismantled.
- c. For uplift due to 45km/hr, 3 kN (300kg) holding down weight for centre pole is required.
- d. For resisting against lateral force due to 45km/hr, corner pegs are required provide 13kN lateral resistance.
- e. The bearing pressure of soil should be clarified and checked by an engineer prior to any construction for considering foundation and base plate.
- f. **No Fabrics or doors should be used for covering the sides of unbraced Folding Marquees due to the lack of bracing within the system and insufficient out-of-plane stiffness of framing.**
- g. Design of fabric by others

Yours faithfully,

E.A. Bennett M.I.E. Aust. NPER 198230