



**Prime Consulting Engineers Pty. Ltd.**

**Design Report:**

**6m, 8m, 9m, 10m & 12m X 3m Bay**

**Function Deluxe Tent Structures**

**For**

**80km/hr Wind speed**

**For**



Ref: R-23-573-3

Date: 06/07/2023

Amendment: B – 18/03/2024

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## CONTENTS

1	Introduction and Scope:	4
1.1	Project Description	4
1.2	References	4
1.3	Notation	5
2	Design Overview	5
2.1	Geometry Data	5
2.2	Assumptions & Limitations	6
2.3	Exclusions	6
2.4	Design Parameters and Inputs	7
2.4.1	Load Cases	7
1.1.1	Load Combinations	7
3	Specifications	8
3.1	Material Properties	8
3.2	Buckling Constants	8
3.3	Member Sizes & Section Properties	9
4	Wind Analysis	10
4.1	Wind calculations	10
4.1.1	Summary	17
4.2	Wind Load Diagrams	18
4.2.1	Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{min}$ Direction1)	18
4.2.2	Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{max}$ Direction 1)	19
4.2.3	Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{min}$ Direction 2)	20
4.2.4	Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{max}$ Direction 2)	21
5	Analysis	22
5.1	Results	22
5.1.1	Maximum Bending Moment in Major Axis	22
5.1.2	Maximum Bending Moment in Minor Axis	23
5.1.3	Maximum Shear	24
5.1.4	Maximum Axial Force	25
5.1.5	Maximum Reactions	26
6	Aluminium Member Design	27
7	Ballast Requirements	27
8	Summary and Recommendations	28
9	Appendix A – Aluminium Design Based on AS1664.1	29
9.1	Upright Support	30
9.2	Rafter	34
9.3	Gable Pole	38
9.4	Eave & Ridge Purlin	43
9.5	Gable Beam	47
9.6	Intermediate Purlin	52



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9.7 Brace

56



## 1 Introduction and Scope:

The report and certification are the sole property of Prime Consulting Engineers Pty. Ltd.

Prime Consulting Engineers have been engaged by Extreme Marquees Pty. Ltd. to carry out a structural analysis of 12m X 12m Function Deluxe Tent Structure for 80km/hr. It should be noted that the outcome of our analysis is limited to the selected items as outlined in this report.

This report shall be read in conjunction with the documents listed in the references ([Cl. 1.2](#))

### 1.1 Project Description

The report examines the effect of the peak gust wind that an equivalent moving average time of approximately 0.2S **22.22m/s (80 km/hr)** positioned for the worst effect on 12m x 12m tent structure as the worst-case scenario. The relevant Australian Standards AS1170.0:2002 General principles, AS1170.1:2002 Permanent, imposed, and other actions and AS1170.2:2021 Wind actions are used. The design check is in accordance with AS1664.1 Aluminium Structures.

### 1.2 References

- The documents referred to in this report are as follows:
  - Report on results produced through SAP2000 V24 software & excel spreadsheets.
- The basic standards used in this report are as follows:
  - AS 1170.0:2002 – Structural Design Actions (Part 0: General principles)
  - AS 1170.1:2002 – Structural Design Actions (Part 1: Permanent, imposed, and other actions)
  - AS 1170.2:2021 – Structural Design Actions (Part 2: Wind Actions)
  - AS1664.1:1997 Aluminium Structures.
  - AS 4100:1998 – Steel Structures.
- Section Properties of Aluminium Section provided by the client.
- The program(s) used for this analysis are as follows:
  - SAP2000 V24
  - Microsoft Excel



### 1.3 Notation

<i>AS/NZS</i>	Australian Standard/New Zealand Standard
<i>FEM/FEA</i>	Finite Element Method/Finite Element Analysis
<i>SLS</i>	Serviceability Limit State
<i>ULS</i>	Ultimate Limit State

## 2 Design Overview

### 2.1 Geometry Data

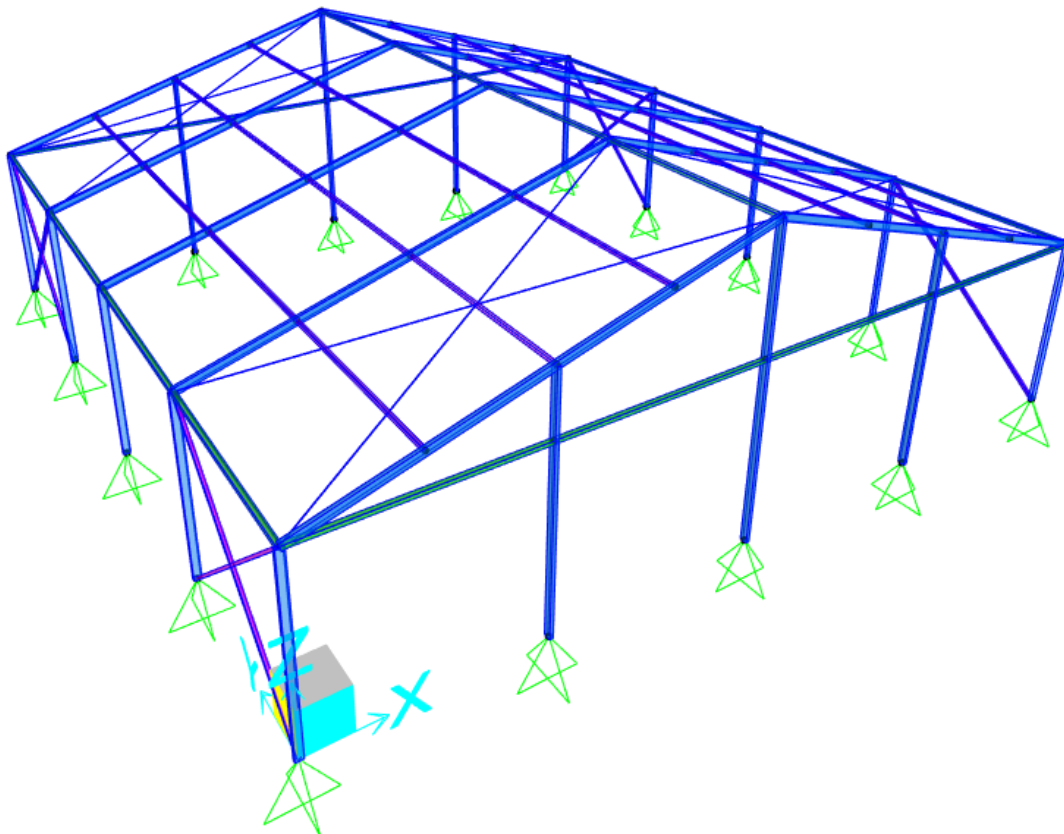


Figure 1 Isometric view of structures



## 2.2 Assumptions & Limitations

- The structure is for temporary use only and shall not remain erected for more than 6 months period.
- For forecast winds in excess of **80km/hr** all fabrics should be removed and the erected structure to be dismantled.
- The structure is design for wind parameters as below:
  - Wind Region A
  - TC2
  - $M_s, M_t \text{ \& } M_d = 1$
- It is assumed that the structure is fully enclosed with all walls equally permeable for calculating the wind internal forces.
- Shall the site conditions/wind parameters exceed prescribed design wind actions (refer to [Cl.4](#)), Prime Consulting Engineers Pty. Ltd. should be informed to determine appropriate wind classifications and amend computations accordingly.
- Wall X-bracing and roof cable bracing must be used at end bays and every third bay in between. This bracing configuration is shown in Figure 1 Isometric view of structures.
- Maximum Intermediate purlin spacing shall not exceed 1500mm for 40x40x2 purlin profiles.
- It is assumed that the fabric weighs 350gr/m<sup>2</sup>.
- Aluminium alloy is to be 6061-T6.

## 2.3 Exclusions

- Design of fabric.
- Wind actions due to tropical or severe tropical cyclonic areas.
- Snow and ice loads.
- Footing design.



## 2.4 Design Parameters and Inputs

### 2.4.1 Load Cases

- |    |       |                                  |
|----|-------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | G     | Permanent actions (Dead load)    |
| 2. | $W_u$ | Ultimate wind action (ULS)       |
| 3. | $W_s$ | Serviceability wind action (SLS) |

#### 1.1.1 Load Combinations

##### Strength (ULS):

- |    |            |                            |
|----|------------|----------------------------|
| 1. | $1.35G$    | Permanent action only      |
| 2. | $0.9G+W_u$ | Permanent and wind actions |
| 3. | $1.2G+W_u$ | Permanent and wind actions |

##### Serviceability (SLS):

- |    |         |                      |
|----|---------|----------------------|
| 1. | $G+W_s$ | Wind service actions |
|----|---------|----------------------|



### 3 Specifications

#### 3.1 Material Properties

Material Properties										
6061-T6	F <sub>tu</sub>	F <sub>ty</sub>	F <sub>cy</sub>	F <sub>su</sub>	F <sub>sy</sub>	F <sub>bu</sub>	F <sub>by</sub>	E	k <sub>t</sub>	k <sub>c</sub>
	262	241	241	165	138	551	386	70000	1	1.12

#### 3.2 Buckling Constants

TABLE 3.3(D) BUCKLING CONSTANTS FOR ALLOY 6061-T6					
Type of member and stress	Intercept, MPa		Slope, MPa		Intersection
Compression in columns and beam flanges	<b>B<sub>c</sub></b>	271.04	<b>D<sub>c</sub></b>	1.69	<b>C<sub>c</sub></b> 65.89
Compression in flat plates	<b>B<sub>p</sub></b>	310.11	<b>D<sub>p</sub></b>	2.06	<b>C<sub>p</sub></b> 61.60
Compression in round tubes under axial end load	<b>B<sub>t</sub></b>	297.39	<b>D<sub>t</sub></b>	10.70	<b>C<sub>t</sub></b> *
Compressive bending stress in rectangular bars	<b>B<sub>br</sub></b>	459.89	<b>D<sub>br</sub></b>	4.57	<b>C<sub>br</sub></b> 67.16
Compressive bending stress in round tubes	<b>B<sub>tb</sub></b>	653.34	<b>D<sub>tb</sub></b>	50.95	<b>C<sub>tb</sub></b> 78.23
Shear stress in flat plates	<b>B<sub>s</sub></b>	178.29	<b>D<sub>s</sub></b>	0.90	<b>C<sub>s</sub></b> 81.24
Ultimate strength of flat plates in compression	<i>k<sub>1</sub></i>	0.35	<i>k<sub>2</sub></i>	2.27	
Ultimate strength of flat plates in bending	<i>k<sub>1</sub></i>	0.5	<i>k<sub>2</sub></i>	2.04	

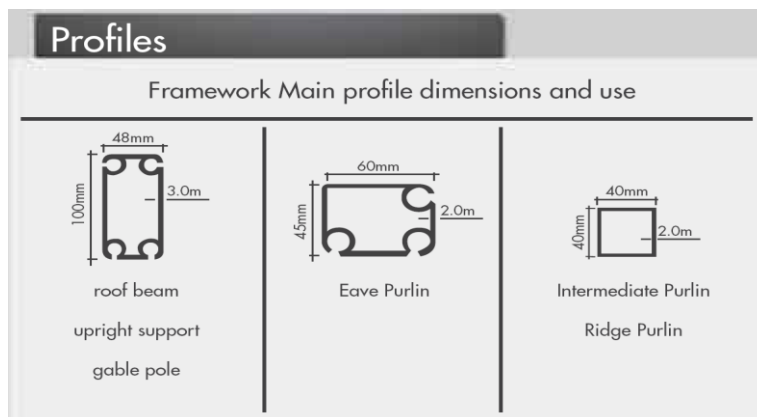
\* *C<sub>t</sub>* shall be determined using a plot of curves of limit state stress based on elastic and inelastic buckling or by trial and error solution





### 3.3 Member Sizes & Section Properties

MEMBER(S)	Section	b	d	t	y <sub>c</sub>	A <sub>g</sub>	Z <sub>x</sub>	Z <sub>y</sub>	S <sub>x</sub>	S <sub>y</sub>	I <sub>x</sub>	I <sub>y</sub>	J	r <sub>x</sub>	r <sub>y</sub>
		mm	mm	mm	mm	mm <sup>2</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>3</sup>	mm <sup>4</sup>	mm <sup>4</sup>	mm <sup>4</sup>	mm	mm
Rafter	100x48x3	48	100	3	50.0	852.0	21859.1	14218.5	27222.0	16146.0	1092956.0	341244.0	805065.8	35.8	20.0
Upright Support	100x48x3	48	100	3	50.0	852.0	21859.1	14218.5	27222.0	16146.0	1092956.0	341244.0	805065.8	35.8	20.0
Gable Pole	84x48x3	48	84	3	42.0	756.0	16902.0	12190.5	20790.0	13986.0	709884.0	292572.0	632667.9	30.6	19.7
Ridge & Eave Purlin	45x60x2	60	45	2	22.5	404.0	5955.3	6999.3	6841.0	8356.0	133993.7	209978.7	246338.1	18.2	22.8
Gable Beam	45x60x2	60	45	2	22.5	404.0	5955.3	6999.3	6841.0	8356.0	133993.7	209978.7	246338.1	18.2	22.8
Intermediate Purlin	40x40x2	40	40	2	20.0	304.0	3668.3	3668.3	4336.0	4336.0	73365.3	73365.3	109744.0	15.5	15.5
Brace	40x40x2	40	40	2	20.0	304.0	3668.3	3668.3	4336.0	4336.0	73365.3	73365.3	109744.0	15.5	15.5





## 4 Wind Analysis

### 4.1 Wind calculations



Project: Extreme Marquees

Job no. 23-573-3

Designer: AK

Date: 6/07/2023

Amendment:

Name	Symbol	Value	Unit	Notes	Ref.
General					
Importance level		2			Table 3.1 - Table 3.2 (AS1170.0)
Annual probability of exceedance		Temporary			Table 3.3
Regional gust wind speed		80.00	Km/hr		
Regional gust wind speed	$V_R$	22.22	m/s		
Wind Direction Multipliers	$M_d$	1			Table 3.2 (AS1170.2)
Terrain Category	TC	2			
Terrain Category Multiplier	$M_{Z,Cat}$	0.91			
Shield Multiplier	$M_s$	1			4.3 (AS1170.2)
Topographic Multiplier	$M_t$	1			4.4 (AS1170.2)
Site Wind Speed	$V_{Site,\beta}$	20.22	m/s	$V_{Site,\beta} = V_R * M_d * M_{Z,Cat} * M_s * M_t$	
Pitch	$\alpha$	20	Deg		
Pitch	$\alpha$	0.349	rad		
Width	B	12	m		
Width Span	$S_w$	3	m		
Length	D	12	m		
Height	Z	3.5	m		
Bay Span		3	m		
Purlin Spacing		1.5	m		
Number of Intermediate Purlin		6			
	h/d	0.29			



h/b		0.29		
Wind Pressure				
$\rho_{air}$	$\rho$	1.2	Kg/m <sup>3</sup>	
dynamic response factor	$C_{dyn}$	1		
Wind Pressure	$\rho * C_{fig}$	0.245	Kg/m <sup>2</sup>	$\rho = 0.5 \rho_{air} * (V_{des,\beta})^2 * C_{fig} * C_{dyn}$
WIND DIRECTION 1 (Perpendicular to Length)				
Internal Pressure				
Opening Assumption				
	With Dominant Opening ( $C_{pi} = n \times C_{pe}$ )			
Internal Pressure Coefficient (Without Dominant) MIN				
Internal Pressure Coefficient (Without Dominant) MAX				
Internal Pressure Coefficient (With Dominant) MIN				
Internal Pressure Coefficient (With Dominant) MAX				
N		0.7		
Combination Factor	$K_{C,i}$	1		
Internal Pressure Coefficient MIN	$C_{p,i}$	0.70		
Internal Pressure Coefficient MAX	$C_{p,i}$	0.70		
			$C_{pi} = N * C_{pe}$	
External Pressure				
1. Windward Wall				
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	0.7		
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1		
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8		
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1		
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1		
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	0.56		
Wind Wall Pressure	P	0.14	kPa	
Edge Column Force	F	0.21	kN/m	
Intermediate Column Force	F	0.41	kN/m	
2. Leeward Wall				
				Table 5.4



External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.4			
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1			Table 5.4
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8			
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1			
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.32			
Lee Wall Pressure	$P$	-0.08	kPa		
Edge Column Force	$F$	-0.12	kN/m		
Intermediate Column Force	$F$	-0.24	kN/m		
<b>3. Side Wall</b>					
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1			Table 5.4
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8			
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1			
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.65		0 to 1h	
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.5		1h to 2h	
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.3		2h to 3h	
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.2		>3h	
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.52		0 to 1h	
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.4		1h to 2h	
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.24		2h to 3h	
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.16		>3h	
Side Wall Pressure	$P$	-0.13	kPa	0 to 1h	
Side Wall Pressure	$P$	-0.10	kPa	1h to 2h	
Side Wall Pressure	$P$	-0.06	kPa	2h to 3h	
Side Wall Pressure	$P$	-0.04	kPa	>3h	
<b>4. Roof Up Wind Slope</b>					
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1			
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8			
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1			
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.32			
<b>MIN</b>					
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	0.15			
<b>MAX</b>					
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MIN</b>	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.26			
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MAX</b>	$C_{fig,e}$	0.12			
$\alpha > 10^\circ$					



Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.06	kPa		
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	0.03	kPa		
Edge Rafter Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.09	kN/m		
Edge Rafter Force <b>Max</b>	F	0.04	kN/m		
Intermediate Rafter Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.19	kN/m		
Intermediate Rafter Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.09	kN/m		
<b>5. Roof Down Wind Slope</b>					
Area Reduction Factor	K <sub>a</sub>	1			
combination factor applied to internal pressures	K <sub>C,e</sub>	0.8			
local pressure factor	K <sub>l</sub>	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	K <sub>p</sub>	1			
External Pressure Coefficient	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.6			
aerodynamic shape factor	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.48			
Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.12	kPa		
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	-0.12	kPa		
Edge Rafter Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.18	kN/m		
Edge Rafter Force <b>MAX</b>	F	-0.18	kN/m		
Intermediate Rafter Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.35	kN/m		
Intermediate Rafter Force <b>MAX</b>	F	-0.35	kN/m		
<b>WIND DIRECTION 2 (Parallel to Length)</b>					
<b>Internal Pressure</b>					
Opening Assumption					
<b>With Dominant Opening (C<sub>pi</sub> = n x C<sub>pe</sub>)</b>					
Internal Pressure Coefficient (Without Dominant) <b>MIN</b>					
Internal Pressure Coefficient (Without Dominant) <b>MAX</b>					
Internal Pressure Coefficient (With Dominant) <b>MIN</b>					
Internal Pressure Coefficient (With Dominant) <b>MAX</b>					
N		0.7			
Combination Factor	K <sub>C,i</sub>	1			
Internal Pressure Coefficient <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>p,i</sub>	0.70			
Internal Pressure Coefficient <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>p,i</sub>	0.70			
				C <sub>pi</sub> = N * C <sub>pe</sub>	



External Pressure					
<b>1. Windward Wall</b>					
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	0.7			Table 5.4
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1			
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8			
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1			
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	0.56			
Wind Wall Pressure	P	0.14	kPa		
Edge Column Force	F	0.21	kN/m		
Intermediate Column Force	F	0.41	kN/m		
<b>2. Leeward Wall</b>					
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.5			Table 5.4
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1			
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8			
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1			
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.4			
Lee Wall Pressure	P	-0.10	kPa		
Edge Column Force	F	-0.15	kN/m		
Intermediate Column Force	F	-0.29	kN/m		
<b>3. Side Wall</b>					
Area Reduction Factor	$K_a$	1			Table 5.4
combination factor applied to internal pressures	$K_{C,e}$	0.8			
local pressure factor	$K_l$	1			
porous cladding reduction factor	$K_p$	1			
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.65		0 to 1h	
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.5		1h to 2h	
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.3		2h to 3h	
External Pressure Coefficient	$C_{P,e}$	-0.2		>3h	
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.52		0 to 1h	
aerodynamic shape factor	$C_{fig,e}$	-0.4		1h to 2h	



Side Wall Pressure	P	-0.13	kPa	0 to 1h
Side Wall Pressure	P	-0.10	kPa	1h to 2h
Side Wall Pressure	P	-0.06	kPa	2h to 3h
Side Wall Pressure	P	-0.04	kPa	>3h
<b>4. Roof</b>				$\alpha < 10^\circ$
Area Reduction Factor	K <sub>a</sub>	1		
combination factor applied to internal pressures	K <sub>C,e</sub>	0.8		
local pressure factor	K <sub>l</sub>	1		
porous cladding reduction factor	K <sub>p</sub>	1		
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.9		0 to 0.5h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.9		0.5 to 1h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.5		1h to 2h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.3		2h to 3h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.2		>3h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.4		0 to 0.5h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	-0.4		0.5 to 1h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	0		1h to 2h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	0.1		2h to 3h
External Pressure Coefficient <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>P,e</sub>	0.2		>3h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.72		0 to 0.5h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.72		0.5 to 1h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.4		1h to 2h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.24		2h to 3h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MIN</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.16		>3h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.32		0 to 0.5h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	-0.32		0.5 to 1h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	0		1h to 2h
aerodynamic shape factor <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	0.08		2h to 3h



aerodynamic shape factor <b>MAX</b>	C <sub>fig,e</sub>	0.16		>3h	
Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.18	kPa	0 to 0.5h	
Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.18	kPa	0.5 to 1h	
Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.10	kPa	1h to 2h	
Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.06	kPa	2h to 3h	
Pressure <b>MIN</b>	P	-0.04	kPa	>3h	
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	-0.08	kPa	0 to 0.5h	
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	-0.08	kPa	0.5 to 1h	
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	0.00	kPa	1h to 2h	
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	0.02	kPa	2h to 3h	
Pressure <b>MAX</b>	P	0.04	kPa	>3h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.13	kN/m	0 to 0.5h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.13	kN/m	0.5 to 1h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.07	kN/m	1h to 2h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.04	kN/m	2h to 3h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.03	kN/m	>3h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	-0.06	kN/m	0 to 0.5h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	-0.06	kN/m	0.5 to 1h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.00	kN/m	1h to 2h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.01	kN/m	2h to 3h	
Edge Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.03	kN/m	>3h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.26	kN/m	0 to 0.5h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.26	kN/m	0.5 to 1h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.15	kN/m	1h to 2h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.09	kN/m	2h to 3h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MIN</b>	F	-0.06	kN/m	>3h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	-0.12	kN/m	0 to 0.5h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	-0.12	kN/m	0.5 to 1h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.00	kN/m	1h to 2h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.03	kN/m	2h to 3h	
Intermediate Purlin Force <b>MAX</b>	F	0.06	kN/m	>3h	





#### 4.1.1 Summary

WIND EXTERNAL PRESSURE					
		Wind Direction1 (Perpendicular to Length)		Wind Direction2 (Parallel to Length)	
Windward		0.14		0.14	
Leeward		-0.08		-0.10	
Sidewall	0m - 3.5m	-0.13		-0.13	
	3.5m - 7m	-0.10		-0.10	
	7m - 10.5m	-0.06		-0.06	
	> 10.5m	-0.04		-0.04	
Roof	Upwind Slope	-0.06	0.03	0m - 1.75m	-0.18 -0.08
				1.75m - 3.5m	-0.18 -0.08
				3.5m - 7m	-0.10 0.00
	Downwind Slope	-0.12	-0.12	7m - 10.5m	-0.06 0.02
				>10.5m	-0.04 0.04
Wind Internal Pressure (kPa)					
		0.7 x Cpe	0.7 x Cpe	0.7 x Cpe	0.7 x Cpe



## 4.2 Wind Load Diagrams

### 4.2.1 Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{min}$ Direction1)

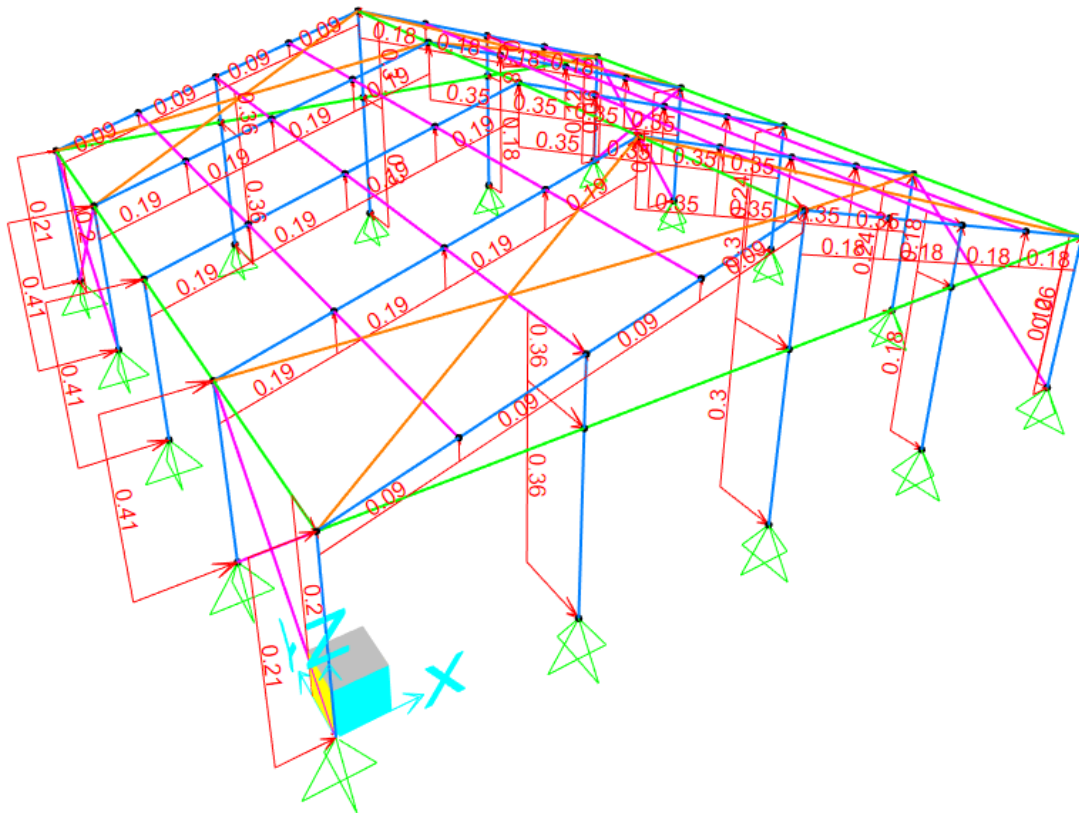


Figure 2 Wind Direction 1 Min



#### 4.2.2 Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{\max}$ Direction 1)

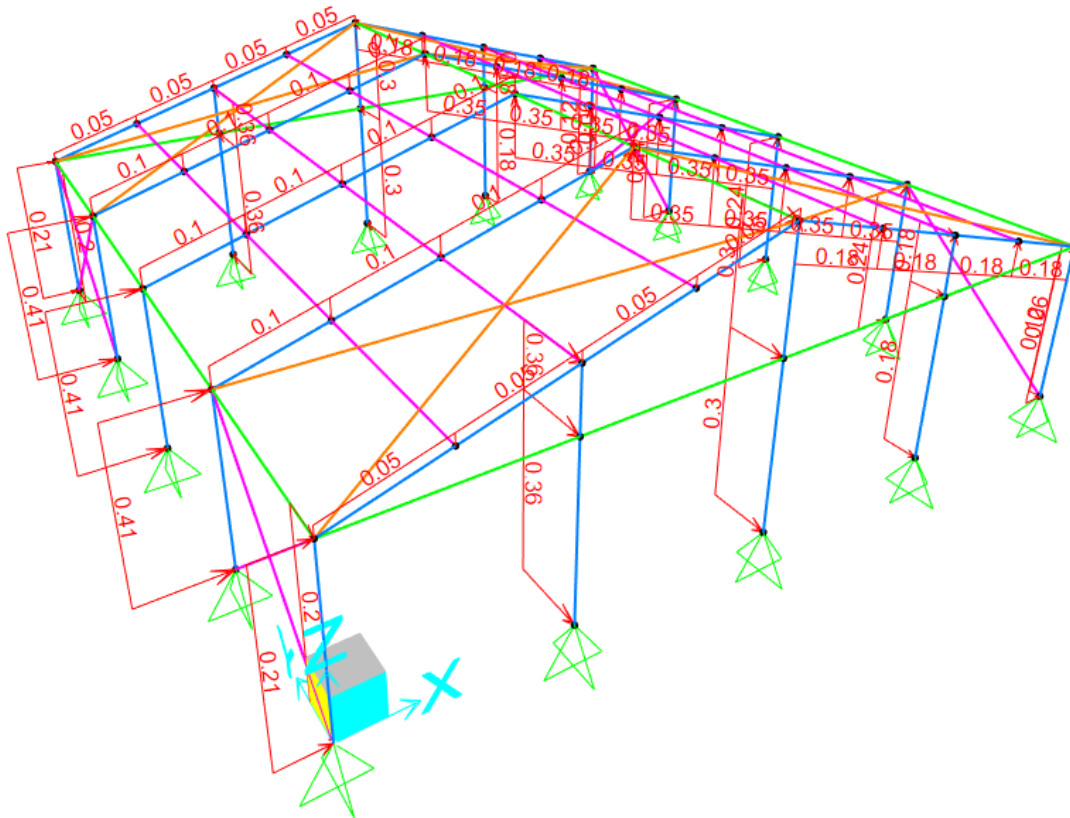


Figure 3 Wind Direction 1 Max



#### 4.2.3 Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{min}$ Direction 2)

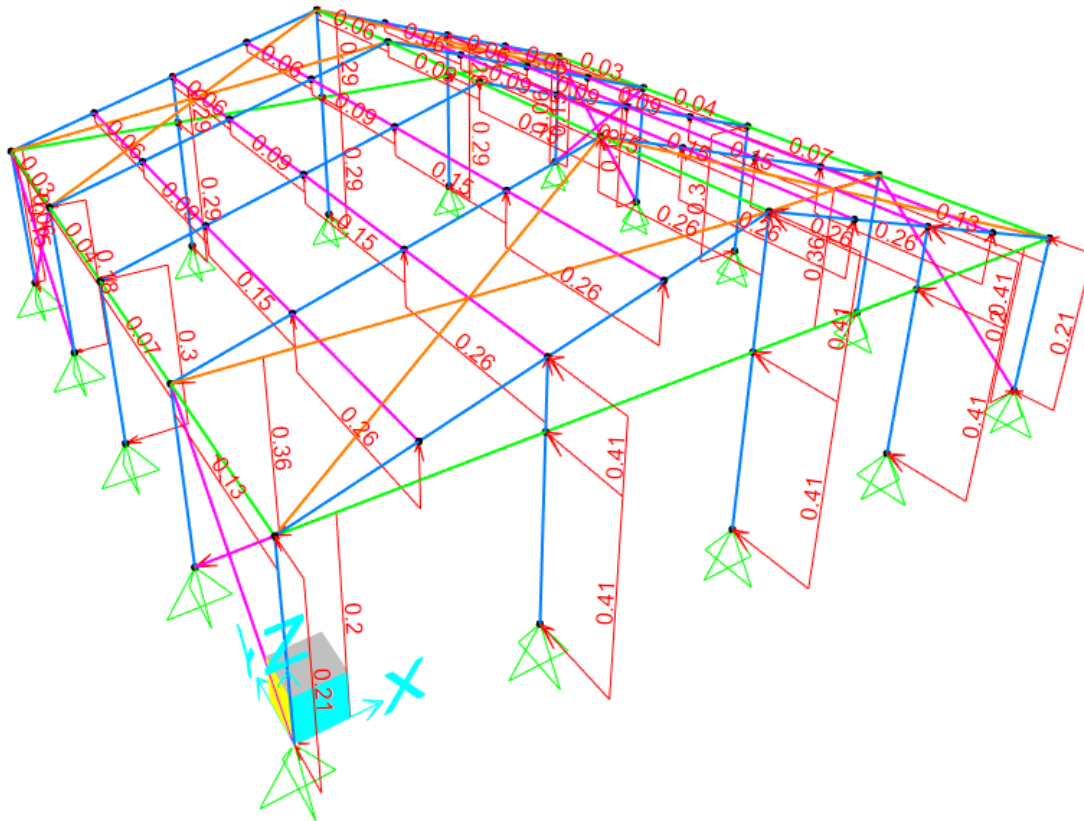


Figure 4 Wind Direction 2 Min



#### 4.2.4 Wind Load Ultimate ( $W_{\max}$ Direction 2)

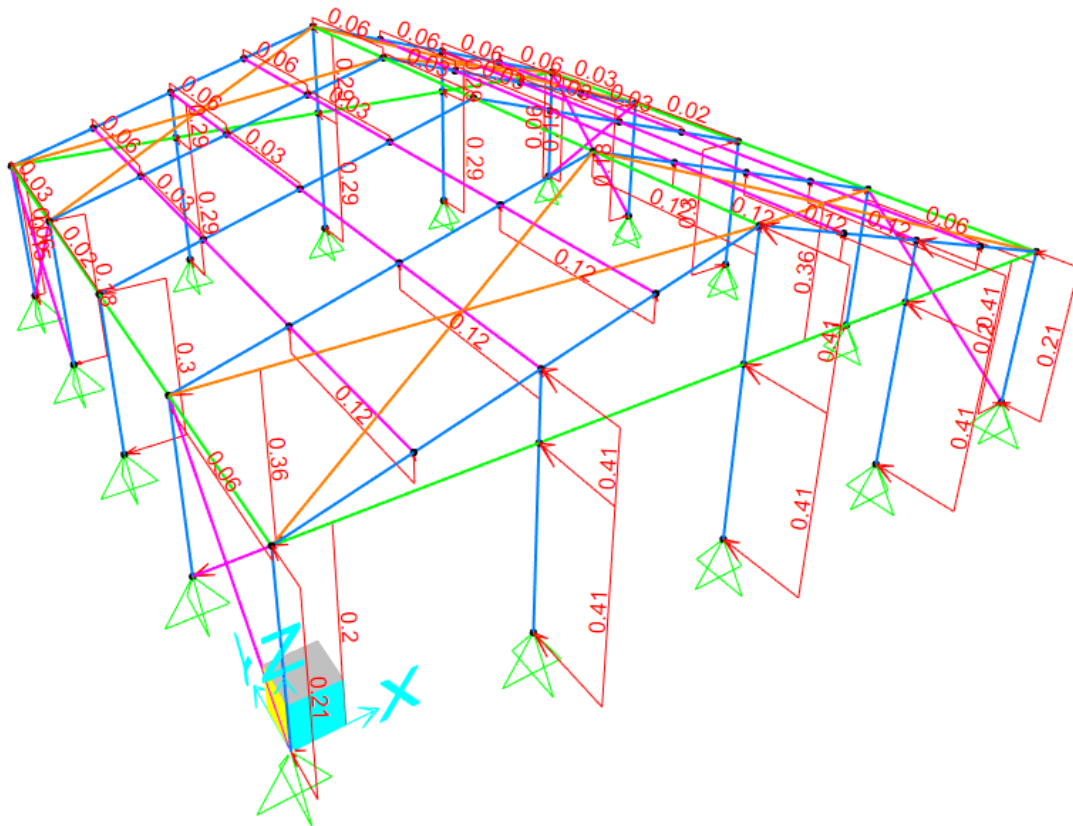


Figure 5 Wind Direction 2 Max

## 5 Analysis

### 5.1 Results

#### 5.1.1 Maximum Bending Moment in Major Axis

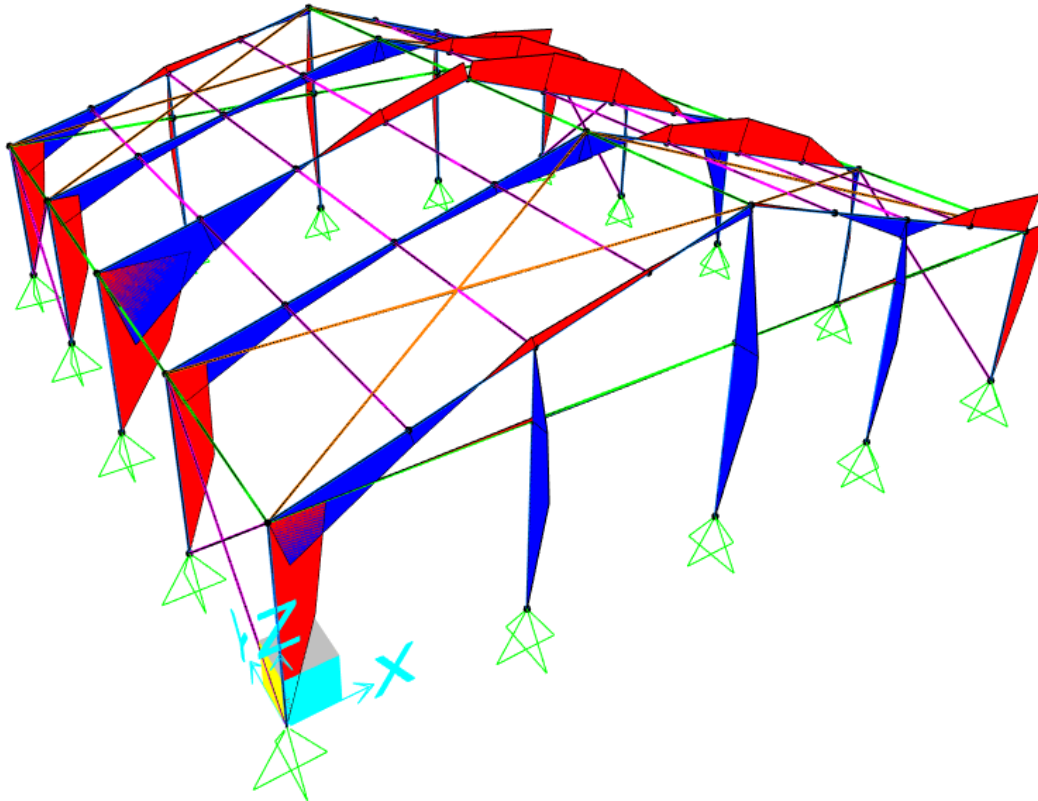


Figure 6 Maximum Bending Moment - Major



### 5.1.2 Maximum Bending Moment in Minor Axis

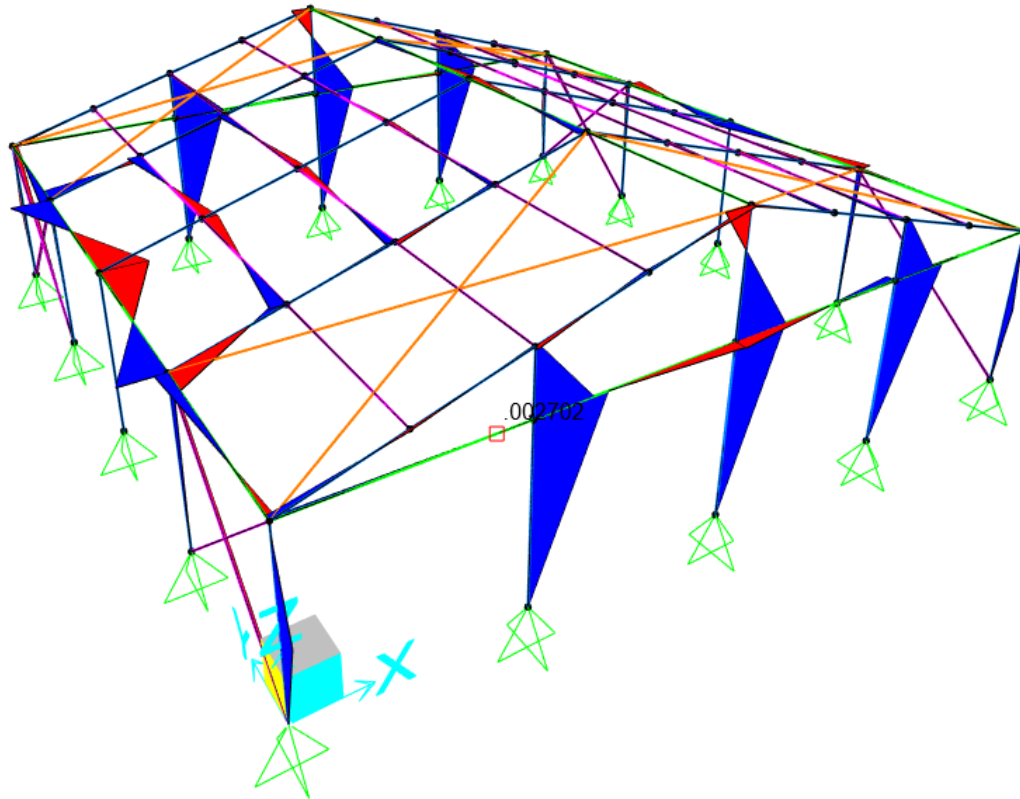


Figure 7: Maximum Bending Moment - Minor



### 5.1.3 Maximum Shear

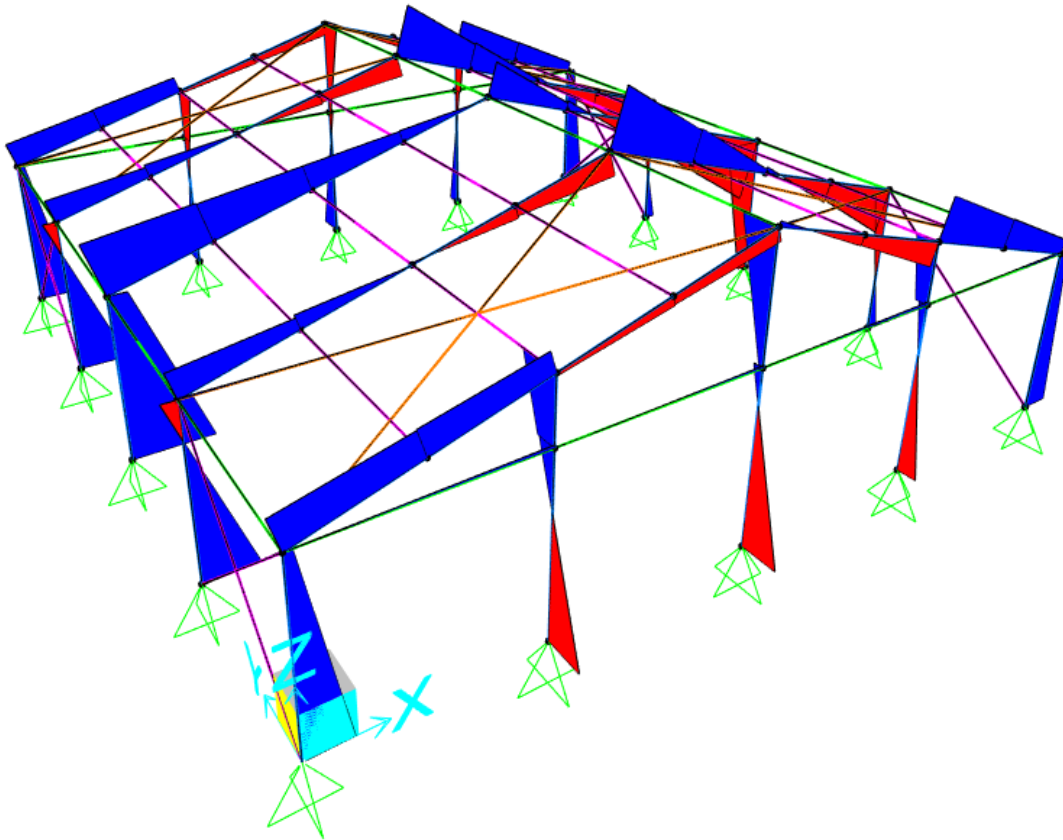


Figure 8 Maximum Shear





#### 5.1.4 Maximum Axial Force

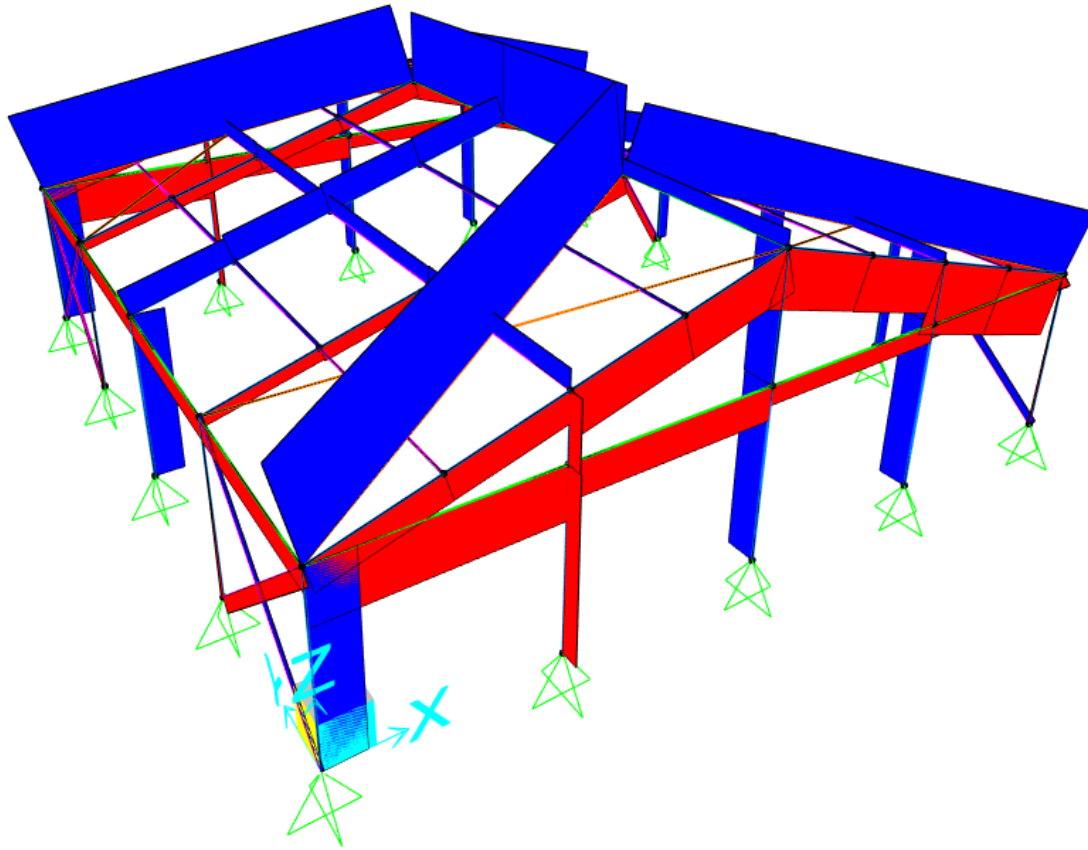
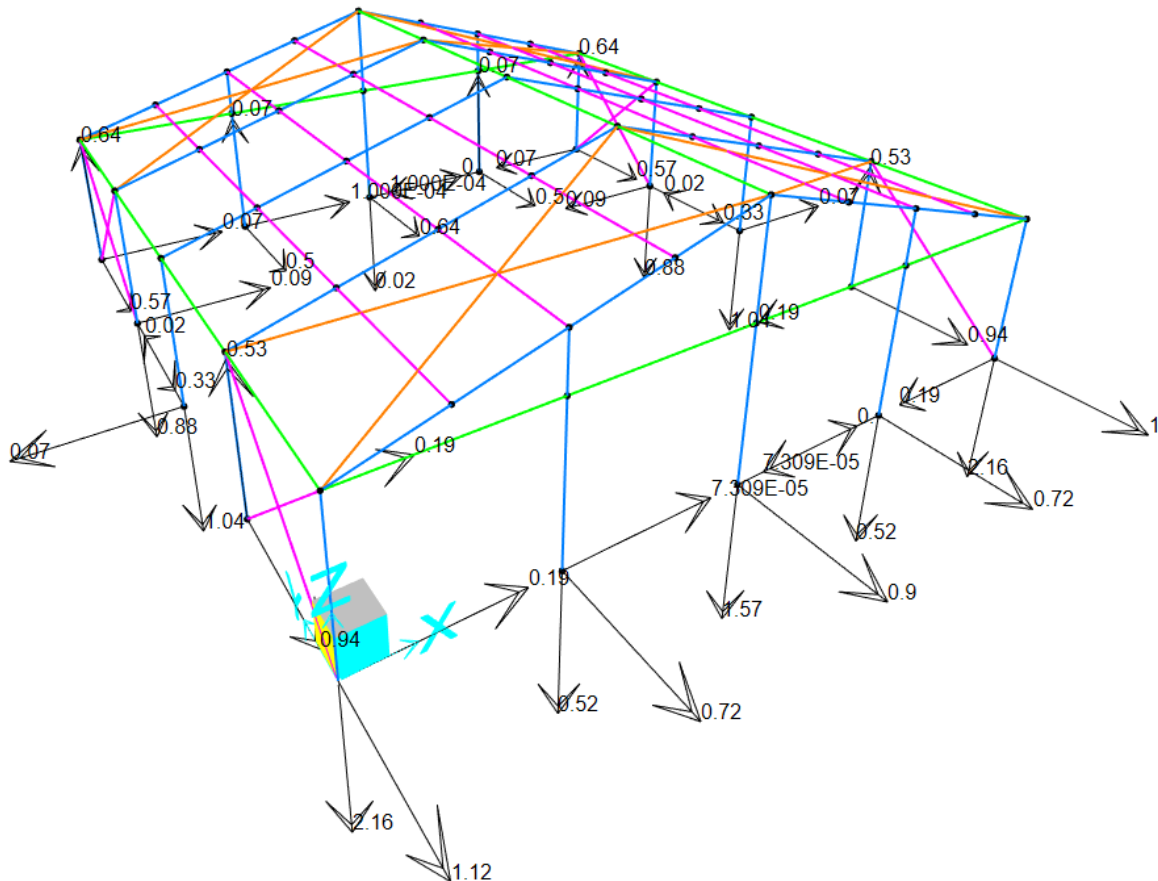


Figure 9 Maximum Axial Force

### 5.1.5 Maximum Reactions



### Figure 10 Maximum Reaction

$$\begin{aligned} F_x &= 2.45 \text{ kN} \\ F_y &= 1.97 \text{ kN} \\ F_{z(\text{up lift})} &= 2.6 \text{ kN} \\ F_{z(\text{Bearing})} &= 4.05 \text{ kN} \end{aligned}$$



## 6 Aluminium Member Design

All Aluminium members passed. The summary results are tabulated below. Refer to Appendix 'A' for details.

MEMBER(S)	Section	b	d	t	Vx	Vy	P (Axial)	Mx	My
		mm	mm	mm	kN	kN	kN	kN.m	kN.m
Rafter	100x48x3	48	100	3	1.793	-0.00266	2.025	4.0262	-0.0031
Upright Support	100x48x3	48	100	3	0.641	-0.00057	2.27	-4.0233	0.0015
Gable Pole	84x48x3	48	84	3	0.509	-0.423	-2.019	0.7455	1.0996
Ridge & Eave Purlin	45x60x2	60	45	2	0.015	0.374	-1.39	-6.939E-18	-0.5987
Gable Beam	45x60x2	60	45	2	0.047	0.012	-3.333	-0.0989	-0.0007684
Intermediate Purlin	40x40x2	40	40	2	-0	0.014	-0.333	-0.4891	0.0189
Brace	40x40x2	40	40	2	0.011	0.01	-1.903	6.939E-18	-0.0288

## 7 Ballast Requirements

Tent Span	Wind Region	Wind Speed (km/hr)	Holding-down Weight per Gable Pole (kg)	Holding-down Weight per Upright Support (kg)
12m	A	80	350	450
10m	A	80	350	450
9m	A	80	300	380
8m	A	80	275	350
6m	A	80	250	300



## 8 Summary and Recommendations

- The structure is for temporary use only and shall not remain erected for more than 6 months period.
- The temporary 12m X 12m Tent Structure as specified is capable of withstanding **22.22 m/s Wind Loads**.
- For ballast requirements, refer to [Cl. 7](#).
- For forecast winds in excess of **80km/hr** all fabrics should be removed and the erected structure to be dismantled.
- Wall Bracing and roof bracing are required at each end bay and every third bay in between to resist against lateral movement due to wind direction2.
- Maximum Intermediate purlin spacing shall not exceed 1500mm for 40x40x2 purlin profiles.
- Roof cable bracings are required to have minimum **10kN SWL**.
- The bearing pressure of soil should be clarified and checked by an engineer prior to erection foundation and base plate considerations.

Yours faithfully,

Prime Consulting Engineers Pty. Ltd.

Kevin Zia, BEng, Meng, MIEAust, CPENG NER



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## **9      Appendix A – Aluminium Design Based on AS1664.1**



## 9.1 Upright Support



Job no. 23-573-3

Date: 6/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>100x48x3</b>	<b>Upright Support</b>				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	$F_{tu}$	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	$F_{ty}$	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	$F_{cy}$	= 241	MPa		
Shear	$F_{su}$	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{sy}$	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_{bu}$	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{by}$	= 386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	= 70000	MPa	Compressive	
	$k_t$	= 1			T3.4(B)
	$k_c$	= 1			
<b>FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS</b>					
Axial force	P	= 0	kN	compression	
	P	= 2.27	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	= 4.0233	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	= 0.0015	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>					
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	= 852	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	= 21859.12	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	= 14218.5	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	= P/ $A_g$			
		= 0.00	MPa	compression	
		= 2.66	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	= $M_x/Z_x$			



Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	<b>184.06</b>	<b>MPa</b>	compression	
		=	$M_y/Z_y$			
		=	<b>0.11</b>	<b>MPa</b>	compression	
<b>Tension</b>						
<b>3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes</b>						
	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>228.95</b>	<b>MPa</b>		
		OR				
	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>222.70</b>	<b>MPa</b>		
<b>COMPRESSION</b>						
<b>3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section</b>						
<b>1. General</b>						
Unsupported length of member	L	=	<b>4000</b>	mm		... 3.4.8.1
Effective length factor	k	=	<b>1.00</b>			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	<b>20.01</b>	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	<b>35.82</b>	mm		
Slenderness ratio	$kLb/r_y$	=	<b>199.87</b>			
Slenderness ratio	$kL/r_x$	=	<b>111.68</b>			
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	<b>3.73</b>			
	$D_c^*$	=	<b>90.3</b>			
	$S_1^*$	=	<b>0.33</b>			
	$S_2^*$	=	<b>1.23</b>			
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	<b>0.950</b>			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>16.43</b>	<b>MPa</b>		
<b>2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling</b>						
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	<b>199.87</b>			... 3.4.8.2
<b>3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates</b>						
<b>1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</b>						
	$k_1$	=	<b>0.35</b>			... 3.4.10.1 T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	<b>42</b>			
	t	=	<b>3</b>	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	<b>14</b>			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	<b>12.34</b>			



Limit 2	$S_2$	=	32.87		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	224.30	MPa	
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	$F_a$	=	16.43	MPa	
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	$F_a$	=	222.70	MPa	
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.01		PASS
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>					
<b>3.4.15</b> <i>Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections</i>					
Unbraced length for bending	$L_b$	=	4000	mm	
Second moment of area (weak axis)	$I_y$	=	3.41E+05	mm <sup>4</sup>	
Torsion modulus	$J$	=	8.05E+05	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Elastic section modulus	$Z$	=	21859.12	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Slenderness	$S$	=	333.64		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	0.39		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	1695.86		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	188.49	MPa	3.4.15(2)
<b>3.4.17</b> <i>Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</i>					
	$k_1$	=	0.5		T3.3(D)
	$k_2$	=	2.04		T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	42	mm	
	$t$	=	3	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	46.95		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	224.30	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	188.49	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.98		PASS





<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>						
NOTE: Limit state stresses, $\phi F_L$ are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)						
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	188.49	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	188.49	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.00		PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>						
<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>						... 4.1.1(2)
	$F_a$	=	16.43	MPa		... 3.4.8
	$F_{ao}$	=	224.30	MPa		... 3.4.10
	$F_{bx}$	=	188.49	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$F_{by}$	=	188.49	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.012			
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$						... 4.1.1 (3)
i.e. 0.99 $\leq$ 1.0					PASS	
<b>SHEAR</b>						
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>						... 4.1.1(2)
Clear web height	$h$	=	94	mm		
	$t$	=	3	mm		
Slenderness	$h/t$	=	31.333333			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	29.01			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	59.31			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	128.74	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			0.90	MPa		
<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>						
Clear web height	$b$	=	42	mm		
	$t$	=	3	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa		



Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$		
			<b>0.00</b>	<b>MPa</b>	
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	=	0.01	<b>MPa</b>	
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	=	0.00	<b>Mpa</b>	PASS
COMBINED ACTIONS					
4.4 Combined Shear, Compresion and bending					
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$					
i.e. 0.99 $\leq$ 1.0					
					PASS

## 9.2 Rafter



Job no.

23-573-3

Date: 6/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL		VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>100x48x3</b>	<b>Rafter</b>					
Alloy and temper	6061-T6					AS1664.1
Tension	F <sub>tu</sub>	=	262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	F <sub>ty</sub>	=	241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	F <sub>cy</sub>	=	241	MPa		
Shear	F <sub>su</sub>	=	165	MPa	Ultimate	
	F <sub>sy</sub>	=	138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	F <sub>bu</sub>	=	551	MPa	Ultimate	
	F <sub>by</sub>	=	386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	=	70000	MPa	Compressive	
	k <sub>t</sub>	=	1			T3.4(B)
	k <sub>c</sub>	=	1			
FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS						
Axial force	P	=	0	kN	compression	



	P	=	2.025	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	=	4.0262	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	=	0.0031	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>						
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	=	852	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	=	21859.12	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	=	14218.5	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	=	P/ $A_g$			
		=	0.00	MPa	compression	
		=	2.38	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	=	$M_x/Z_x$			
		=	184.19	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$			
		=	0.22	MPa	compression	
<b>Tension</b>						
<b>3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes</b>						
	$\phi F_L$	=	228.95	MPa		
		OR				
	$\phi F_L$	=	222.70	MPa		
<b>COMPRESSION</b>						
<b>3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section</b>						
<b>1. General</b>						
						... 3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	L	=	6260	mm		
Effective length factor	k	=	1.00			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	20.01	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	35.82	mm		
Slenderness ratio	$kLb/r_y$	=	74.95			
Slenderness ratio	$kL/r_x$	=	174.78			
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	3.264			
	$D_c^*$	=	90.3			
	$S_1^*$	=	0.33			
	$S_2^*$	=	1.23			
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	0.950			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	21.49	MPa		



2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling				...	3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	174.78		
<b>3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates</b>					
1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported				...	
	$k_1$	=	0.35	3.4.10.1	
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	42	T3.3(D)	
	$t$	=	3 mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	32.87		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	224.30 MPa		
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	$F_a$	=	21.49 MPa		
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	$F_a$	=	222.70 MPa		
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.01	PASS	
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>					
<b>3.4.15 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections</b>					
Unbraced length for bending	$L_b$	=	1500 mm		
Second moment of area (weak axis)	$I_y$	=	3.41E+05 mm <sup>4</sup>		
Torsion modulus	$J$	=	8.05E+05 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Elastic section modulus	$Z$	=	21859.12 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Slenderness	$S$	=	125.11		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	0.39		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	1695.86		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	204.73 MPa	3.4.15(2)	
<b>3.4.17 Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</b>					
	$k_1$	=	0.5	T3.3(D)	
	$k_2$	=	2.04	T3.3(D)	



Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	42	mm		
	$t$	=	3	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	46.95			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	224.30	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	204.73	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.90		PASS	
<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>						
NOTE: Limit state stresses, $\phi F_L$ are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)						
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	204.73	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	204.73	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.00		PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>						
<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>						... 4.1.1(2)
	$F_a$	=	21.49	MPa		... 3.4.8
	$F_{ao}$	=	224.30	MPa		... 3.4.10
	$F_{bx}$	=	204.73	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$F_{by}$	=	204.73	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.011			
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$					... 4.1.1 (3)
i.e.	0.91	≤	1.0		PASS	
<b>SHEAR</b>						
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>						... 4.1.1(2)
Clear web height	$h$	=	94	mm		
	$t$	=	3	mm		
Slenderness	$h/t$	=	31.333333			



Limit 1	$S_1$	=	29.01		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	59.31		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	128.74	MPa	
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$		
			2.53	MPa	
<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>					
Clear web height	$b$	=	42	mm	
	$t$	=	3	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa	
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$		
			0.00	MPa	
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	=	0.02	MPa	
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	=	0.00	Mpa	PASS
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>					
<b>4.4 Combined Shear, Compression and bending</b>					
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$					
i.e. 0.91 ≤ 1.0					
					PASS

### 9.3 Gable Pole



Job no. 23-573-3

Date: 06/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>84x48x3</b>	<b>Gable Pole</b>				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	$F_{tu}$	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	$F_{ty}$	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	$F_{cy}$	= 241	MPa		



Shear	$F_{su}$	=	165	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{sy}$	=	138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_{bu}$	=	551	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{by}$	=	386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	$E$	=	70000	MPa	Compressive	
	$k_t$	=	1			T3.4(B)
	$k_c$	=	1			
<b>FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS</b>						
Axial force	$P$	=	2.019	kN	compression	
	$P$	=	0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	=	0.7455	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	=	1.0996	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>						
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	=	756	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	=	16902	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	=	12190.5	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	=	$P/A_g$			
		=	2.67	MPa	compression	
		=	0.00	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	=	$M_x/Z_x$			
		=	44.11	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$			
		=	90.20	MPa	compression	
<b>Tension</b>						
<b>3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes</b>						
	$\phi F_L$	=	228.95	MPa		
		OR				
	$\phi F_L$	=	222.70	MPa		
<b>COMPRESSION</b>						
<b>3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section</b>						
<b>1. General</b>						
						... 3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	$L$	=	4400	mm		
Effective length factor	$k$	=	1.00			



Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	19.67	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	30.64	mm		
Slenderness ratio	$kLb/ry$	=	152.50			
Slenderness ratio	$kL/rx$	=	143.59			
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	2.85			
	$D_c^*$	=	90.3			
	$S_1^*$	=	0.33			
	$S_2^*$	=	1.23			
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	0.950			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	28.22	MPa		
<i>2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling</i>						... 3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	152.50			
<b>3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates</b>						
<i>1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</i>						... 3.4.10.1
	$k_1$	=	0.35			T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	42			
	$t$	=	3	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	32.87			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	224.30	MPa		
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	$F_a$	=	28.22	MPa		
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	$F_a$	=	222.70	MPa		
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.09		PASS	
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>						
<b>3.4.15 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections</b>						





Unbraced length for bending	$L_b$	=	3000	mm		
Second moment of area (weak axis)	$I_y$	=	292572	mm <sup>4</sup>		
Torsion modulus	$J$	=	632667.86	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Elastic section modulus	$Z$	=	16902	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Slenderness	$S$	=	235.71			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	0.39			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	1695.86			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	195.17	MPa		3.4.15(2)
<b>3.4.17 Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</b>						
	$k_1$	=	0.5			T3.3(D)
	$k_2$	=	2.04			T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	42	mm		
	$t$	=	3	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	46.95			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	224.30	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	195.17	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.23		PASS	
<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>						
<i>NOTE: Limit state stresses, <math>\phi F_L</math> are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)</i>						
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	195.17	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	195.17	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.46		PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>						



<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>				... 4.1.1(2)
	$F_a$	=	28.22 MPa	... 3.4.8
	$F_{ao}$	=	224.30 MPa	... 3.4.10
	$F_{bx}$	=	195.17 MPa	... 3.4.17
	$F_{by}$	=	195.17 MPa	... 3.4.17
	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.095	
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$				... 4.1.1(3)
	i.e.	0.78	≤ 1.0	PASS
<b>SHEAR</b>				
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>				... 4.1.1(2)
Clear web height	$h$	=	78 mm	
	$t$	=	3 mm	
Slenderness	$h/t$	=	26	
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	29.01	
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	59.31	
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10 MPa	
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$	
		=	0.81 MPa	
<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>				
Clear web height	$b$	=	42 mm	
	$t$	=	3 mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	14	
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10 MPa	
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$	
		=	0.67 MPa	
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	=	0.01 MPa	
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	=	0.01 Mpa	PASS
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>				
<b>4.4 Combined Shear, Compresion and bending</b>				
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$				



i.e. 0.56 ≤ 1.0

PASS

## 9.4 Eave & Ridge Purlin



Job no. 23-573-3

Date: 6/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>45x60x2</b>	<b>Ridge &amp; Eave Purlin</b>				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	$F_{tu}$	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	$F_{ty}$	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	$F_{cy}$	= 241	MPa		
Shear	$F_{su}$	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{sy}$	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_{bu}$	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{by}$	= 386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	= 70000	MPa	Compressive	
	$k_t$	= 1			T3.4(B)
	$k_c$	= 1			
<b>FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS</b>					
Axial force	P	= 1.39	kN	compression	
	P	= 0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	= 6.939E-18	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	= 0.5987	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>					
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	= 404	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	= 5955.2741	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	= 6999.2889	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	= P/ $A_g$			
		= 3.44	MPa	compression	



Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	=	0.00	MPa	Tension	
		=	$M_x/Z_x$			
		=	0.00	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$			
		=	85.54	MPa	compression	
Tension						
3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes						
	$\phi F_L$	=	228.95	MPa		
		OR				
	$\phi F_L$	=	222.70	MPa		
COMPRESSION						
3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section						
1. General						... 3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	L	=	3000	mm		
Effective length factor	k	=	1.00			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	22.80	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	18.21	mm		
Slenderness ratio	$kL_b/r_y$	=	131.59			
Slenderness ratio	$kL/r_x$	=	164.73			
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	3.08			
	$D_c^*$	=	90.3			
	$S_1^*$	=	0.33			
	$S_2^*$	=	1.23			
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	0.950			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	24.19	MPa		
2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling						... 3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	164.73			
3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates						
1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported						... 3.4.10.1
	$k_1$	=	0.35			T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	56			



Slenderness	t	=	2	mm		
Limit 1	b/t	=	28			
Limit 2	S <sub>1</sub>	=	12.34			
	S <sub>2</sub>	=	32.87			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	F <sub>a</sub>	=	24.19	MPa		
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	F <sub>a</sub>	=	222.70	MPa		
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	f <sub>a</sub> /F <sub>a</sub>	=	0.14		PASS	
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>						
<b>3.4.15</b> Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections						
Unbraced length for bending	L <sub>b</sub>	=	3000	mm		
Second moment of area (weak axis)	I <sub>y</sub>	=	209978.67	mm <sup>4</sup>		
Torsion modulus	J	=	246338.06	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Elastic section modulus	Z	=	5955.2741	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Slenderness	S	=	157.11			
Limit 1	S <sub>1</sub>	=	0.39			
Limit 2	S <sub>2</sub>	=	1695.86			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	201.63	MPa		3.4.15(2)
<b>3.4.17</b> Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported						
	k <sub>1</sub>	=	0.5			T3.3(D)
	k <sub>2</sub>	=	2.04			T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	b'	=	56	mm		
Slenderness	t	=	2	mm		
Limit 1	b/t	=	28			
Limit 2	S <sub>1</sub>	=	12.34			
	S <sub>2</sub>	=	46.95			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	185.00	MPa		



Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.00		PASS	
<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>						
<i>NOTE: Limit state stresses, <math>\phi F_L</math> are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)</i>						
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.46		PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>						
<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>						
	$F_a$	=	24.19	MPa		... 4.1.1(2)
	$F_{ao}$	=	185.00	MPa		... 3.4.8
	$F_{bx}$	=	185.00	MPa		... 3.4.10
	$F_{by}$	=	185.00	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.142			... 3.4.17
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$					... 4.1.1(3)
i.e.	0.60	≤	1.0		PASS	
<b>SHEAR</b>						
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>						
Clear web height	$h$	=	41	mm		... 4.1.1(2)
	$t$	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	$h/t$	=	20.5			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	29.01			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	59.31			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			0.04	MPa		



<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>						
Clear web height	b	=	56	mm		
	t	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	b/t	=	28			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			1.11	MPa		
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	=	0.00	MPa		
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	=	0.01	Mpa	PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>						
<b>4.4 Combined Shear, Compresion and bending</b>						
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$						
i.e.	0.60	$\leq$	1.0		PASS	

## 9.5 Gable Beam



Job no.

23-573-3

Date: 6/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>45x60x2</b>	<b>Gable Beam</b>				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	$F_{tu}$	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	$F_{ty}$	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	$F_{cy}$	= 241	MPa		
Shear	$F_{su}$	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{sy}$	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_{bu}$	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{by}$	= 386	MPa	Yield	



Modulus of elasticity	E	=	70000	MPa	Compressive	
	$k_t$	=	1			T3.4(B)
	$k_c$	=	1			
<b>FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS</b>						
Axial force	P	=	3.333	kN	compression	
	P	=	0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	=	0.0989	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	=	0.000768 4	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>						
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	=	404	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	=	5955.274 1	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	=	6999.288 9	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	=	P/ $A_g$		compression	
		=	8.25	MPa	Tension	
		=	0.00	MPa		
Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	=	$M_x/Z_x$		compression	
		=	16.61	MPa		
Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$		compression	
		=	0.11	MPa		
<b>Tension</b>						
<b>3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes</b>						
	$\phi F_L$	=	228.95	MPa		
		O				
		R				
	$\phi F_L$	=	222.70	MPa		
<b>COMPRESSION</b>						
<b>3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section</b>						
<b>1. General</b>						... 3.4.8.1
Unsupported length of member	L	=	3000	mm		
Effective length factor	k	=	1.00			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	22.80	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	18.21	mm		
Slenderness ratio	$kLb/r_y$	=	131.59			





Slenderness ratio	$kL/r_x$	=	164.73		
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	3.08		
	$D_c^*$	=	90.3		
	$S_1^*$	=	0.33		
	$S_2^*$	=	1.23		
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	0.950		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	24.19	MPa	
2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling					... 3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	164.73		
<b>3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates</b>					
1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported					... 3.4.10.1 T3.3(D)
	$k_1$	=	0.35		
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	56		
	$t$	=	2	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	28		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	32.87		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	185.00	MPa	
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	$F_a$	=	24.19	MPa	
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	$F_a$	=	222.70	MPa	
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.34		PASS
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>					
<b>3.4.15 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections</b>					
Unbraced length for bending	$L_b$	=	3000	mm	
Second moment of area (weak axis)	$I_y$	=	209978.6 7	mm <sup>4</sup>	
Torsion modulus	$J$	=	246338.0 6	mm <sup>3</sup>	



Elastic section modulus	$Z$	=	5955.274	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Slenderness	$S$	=	157.11			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	0.39			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	1695.86			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	201.63	MPa		3.4.15(2)
<b>3.4.17 Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</b>						
	$k_1$	=	0.5			T3.3(D)
	$k_2$	=	2.04			T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	56	mm		
	$t$	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	28			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	46.95			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.09		PASS	
<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>						
<i>NOTE: Limit state stresses, <math>\phi F_L</math> are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)</i>						
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	185.00	MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.00		PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>						
<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>						
	$F_a$	=	24.19	MPa		4.1.1(2)
						... 3.4.8



	$F_{ao}$	=	185.00	MPa		... 3.4.10
	$F_{bx}$	=	185.00	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$F_{by}$	=	185.00	MPa		... 3.4.17
	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.341			
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$					... 4.1.1 (3)
i.e.	0.43	≤	1.0		PASS	
SHEAR						
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>						
Clear web height	$h$	=	41	mm		... 4.1.1(2)
	$t$	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	$h/t$	=	20.5			
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	29.01			
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	59.31			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			0.14	MPa		
<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>						
Clear web height	$b$	=	56	mm		
	$t$	=	2	mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	28			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			0.04	MPa		
Most adverse shear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	=	0.00	MPa		
Most adverse shear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	=	0.00	Mpa	PASS	
COMBINED ACTIONS						
<b>4.4 Combined Shear, Compression and bending</b>						
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$					
i.e.	0.43	≤	1.0		PASS	



## 9.6 Intermediate Purlin



Job no. 23-573-3

Date: 6/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>40x40x2</b>	<b>Intermediate Purlin</b>				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	$F_{tu}$	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	$F_{ty}$	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	$F_{cy}$	= 241	MPa		
Shear	$F_{su}$	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{sy}$	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_{bu}$	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{by}$	= 386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	= 70000	MPa	Compressive	
	$k_t$	= 1			T3.4(B)
	$k_c$	= 1			
<b>FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS</b>					
Axial force	P	= 0.333	kN	compression	
	P	= 0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	= 0.4891	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	= 0.0189	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>					
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	= 304	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	= 3668.2667	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	= 3668.2667	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	= P/ $A_g$			
		= 1.10	MPa	compression	
		= 0.00	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	= $M_x/Z_x$			
		= 133.33	MPa	compression	



Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$		
		=	5.15	MPa	compression
<b>Tension</b>					
<b>3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes</b>					
	$\phi F_L$	=	228.95	MPa	
		OR			
	$\phi F_L$	=	222.70	MPa	
<b>COMPRESSION</b>					
<b>3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section</b>					
<b>1. General</b>					
Unsupported length of member	L	=	3000	mm	... 3.4.8.1
Effective length factor	k	=	1.00		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	15.53	mm	
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	15.53	mm	
Slenderness ratio	$kLb/r_y$	=	193.11		
Slenderness ratio	$kL/r_x$	=	193.11		
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	3.61		
	$D_c^*$	=	90.3		
	$S_1^*$	=	0.33		
	$S_2^*$	=	1.23		
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	0.950		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	17.60	MPa	
<b>2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling</b>					
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	193.11		... 3.4.8.2
<b>3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates</b>					
<b>1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</b>					
	$k_1$	=	0.35		... 3.4.10.1 T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	36		
	t	=	2	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	18		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		



Limit 2	$S_2$	=	32.87		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	213.07 MPa		
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	$F_a$	=	17.60 MPa		
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	$F_a$	=	222.70 MPa		
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.06	PASS	
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>					
<b>3.4.15</b> Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections					
Unbraced length for bending	$L_b$	=	3000 mm		
Second moment of area (weak axis)	$I_y$	=	73365.333 mm <sup>4</sup>		
Torsion modulus	$J$	=	109744 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Elastic section modulus	$Z$	=	3668.2667 mm <sup>3</sup>		
Slenderness	$S$	=	245.29		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	0.39		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	1695.86		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	194.46 MPa		3.4.15(2)
<b>3.4.17</b> Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported					
	$k_1$	=	0.5		T3.3(D)
	$k_2$	=	2.04		T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	36 mm		
	$t$	=	2 mm		
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	18		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	46.95		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	213.07 MPa		
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	194.46 MPa		



Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.69	PASS	
<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>					
NOTE: Limit state stresses, $\phi F_L$ are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)					
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	194.46 MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	194.46 MPa		
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.03	PASS	
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>					
<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>					
	$F_a$	=	17.60 MPa		4.1.1(2)
	$F_{ao}$	=	213.07 MPa		... 3.4.8
	$F_{bx}$	=	194.46 MPa		... 3.4.10
	$F_{by}$	=	194.46 MPa		... 3.4.17
	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.062		... 3.4.17
Check:	$f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$				... 4.1.1 (3)
i.e.	0.77	≤	1.0	PASS	
<b>SHEAR</b>					
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>					
Clear web height	$h$	=	36 mm		4.1.1(2)
	$t$	=	2 mm		
Slenderness	$h/t$	=	18		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	29.01		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	59.31		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10 MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	=	$V/A_w$		
			0.00 MPa		
<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>					
Clear web height	$b$	=	36 mm		



Slenderness	$t$	=	2	mm		
	$b/t$	=	18			
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	131.10	MPa		
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	=	$V/A_w$			
			0.06	MPa		
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	=	0.00	MPa		
Most adverseshear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	=	0.00	Mpa	PASS	
COMBINED ACTIONS						
4.4 Combined Shear, Compresion and bending						
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$						
i.e. 0.75 ≤ 1.0						PASS

## 9.7 Brace



Job no. 23-573-3

Date: 6/07/2023

NAME	SYMBOL	VALUE	UNIT	NOTES	REF
<b>40x40x2</b>	<b>Brace</b>				
Alloy and temper	6061-T6				AS1664.1
Tension	$F_{tu}$	= 262	MPa	Ultimate	T3.3(A)
	$F_{ty}$	= 241	MPa	Yield	
Compression	$F_{cy}$	= 241	MPa		
Shear	$F_{su}$	= 165	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{sy}$	= 138	MPa	Yield	
Bearing	$F_{bu}$	= 551	MPa	Ultimate	
	$F_{by}$	= 386	MPa	Yield	
Modulus of elasticity	E	= 70000	MPa	Compressiv e	





	$k_t$	=	1			
	$k_c$	=	1			T3.4(B)
<b>FEM ANALYSIS RESULTS</b>						
Axial force	$P$	=	1.903	kN	compression	
	$P$	=	0	kN	Tension	
In plane moment	$M_x$	=	6.939E-18	kNm		
Out of plane moment	$M_y$	=	0.0288	kNm		
<b>DESIGN STRESSES</b>						
Gross cross section area	$A_g$	=	304	mm <sup>2</sup>		
In-plane elastic section modulus	$Z_x$	=	3668.266 7	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Out-of-plane elastic section mod.	$Z_y$	=	3668.266 7	mm <sup>3</sup>		
Stress from axial force	$f_a$	=	$P/A_g$			
		=	6.26	MPa	compression	
		=	0.00	MPa	Tension	
Stress from in-plane bending	$f_{bx}$	=	$M_x/Z_x$			
		=	0.00	MPa	compression	
Stress from out-of-plane bending	$f_{by}$	=	$M_y/Z_y$			
		=	7.85	MPa	compression	
<b>Tension</b>						
<b>3.4.3 Tension in rectangular tubes</b>						
	$\phi F_L$	=	228.95	MPa		
		O				
	$\phi F_L$	=	222.70	MPa		
<b>COMPRESSION</b>						
<b>3.4.8 Compression in columns, axial, gross section</b>						
<b>1. General</b>						
Unsupported length of member	$L$	=	4000	mm		
Effective length factor	$k$	=	1.00			
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (Y)	$r_y$	=	15.53	mm		
Radius of gyration about buckling axis (X)	$r_x$	=	15.53	mm		
Slenderness ratio	$kLb/r_y$	=	257.48			
Slenderness ratio	$kL/r_x$	=	257.48			
Slenderness parameter	$\lambda$	=	4.81			
	$D_c^*$	=	90.3			
						... 3.4.8.1



	$S_1^*$	=	0.33		
	$S_2^*$	=	1.23		
	$\phi_{cc}$	=	0.950		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>9.90</b>	<b>MPa</b>	
<i>2. Sections not subject to torsional or torsional-flexural buckling</i>					... 3.4.8.2
Largest slenderness ratio for flexural buckling	$kL/r$	=	257.48		
<b>3.4.10 Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates</b>					
<i>1. Uniform compression in components of columns, gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</i>					... 3.4.10.1 T3.3(D)
	$k_1$	=	0.35		
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	36		
	$t$	=	2	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	18		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	32.87		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>213.07</b>	<b>MPa</b>	
Most adverse compressive limit state stress	$F_a$	=	9.90	MPa	
Most adverse tensile limit state stress	$F_a$	=	222.70	MPa	
Most adverse compressive & Tensile capacity factor	$f_a/F_a$	=	0.63		PASS
<b>BENDING - IN-PLANE</b>					
<b>3.4.15 Compression in beams, extreme fibre, gross section rectangular tubes, box sections</b>					
Unbraced length for bending	$L_b$	=	4000	mm	
Second moment of area (weak axis)	$I_y$	=	73365.33 3	mm <sup>4</sup>	
Torsion modulus	$J$	=	109744	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Elastic section modulus	$Z$	=	3668.266 7	mm <sup>3</sup>	
Slenderness	$S$	=	327.05		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	0.39		



Limit 2	$S_2$	=	1695.86		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>188.90</b>	<b>MPa</b>	3.4.15(2)
<b>3.4.17 Compression in components of beams (component under uniform compression), gross section - flat plates with both edges supported</b>					
	$k_1$	=	0.5		T3.3(D)
	$k_2$	=	2.04		T3.3(D)
Max. distance between toes of fillets of supporting elements for plate	$b'$	=	36	mm	
	$t$	=	2	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	=	18		
Limit 1	$S_1$	=	12.34		
Limit 2	$S_2$	=	46.95		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>213.07</b>	<b>MPa</b>	
Most adverse in-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{bx}$	=	188.90	MPa	
Most adverse in-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{bx}/F_{bx}$	=	0.00		PASS
<b>BENDING - OUT-OF-PLANE</b>					
<i>NOTE: Limit state stresses, <math>\phi F_L</math> are the same for out-of-plane bending (doubly symmetric section)</i>					
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	=	<b>188.90</b>	<b>MPa</b>	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending limit state stress	$F_{by}$	=	188.90	MPa	
Most adverse out-of-plane bending capacity factor	$f_{by}/F_{by}$	=	0.04		PASS
<b>COMBINED ACTIONS</b>					
<b>4.1.1 Combined compression and bending</b>					
	$F_a$	=	9.90	MPa	... 4.1.1(2)
	$F_{ao}$	=	213.07	MPa	... 3.4.8
	$F_{bx}$	=	188.90	MPa	... 3.4.10
	$F_{by}$	=	188.90	MPa	... 3.4.17
					... 3.4.17



$f_a/F_a = 0.632$					
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_{bx}/F_{bx} + f_{by}/F_{by} \leq 1.0$					... 4.1.1 (3)
i.e. $0.67 \leq 1.0$				PASS	
SHEAR					
<b>3.4.24 Shear in webs (Major Axis)</b>					
... 4.1.1(2)					
Clear web height	$h$	$=$	36	mm	
	$t$	$=$	2	mm	
Slenderness	$h/t$	$=$	18		
Limit 1	$S_1$	$=$	29.01		
Limit 2	$S_2$	$=$	59.31		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	$=$	131.10	MPa	
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sx}$	$=$	$V/A_w$		
			0.04	MPa	
<b>3.4.25 Shear in webs (Minor Axis)</b>					
Clear web height	$b$	$=$	36	mm	
	$t$	$=$	2	mm	
Slenderness	$b/t$	$=$	18		
Factored limit state stress	$\phi F_L$	$=$	131.10	MPa	
Stress From Shear force	$f_{sy}$	$=$	$V/A_w$		
			0.04	MPa	
Most adverse shear capacity factor (Major Axis)	$f_{sx}/F_{sx}$	$=$	0.00	MPa	
Most adverse shear capacity factor (Minor Axis)	$f_{sy}/F_{sy}$	$=$	0.00	Mpa	PASS
COMBINED ACTIONS					
<b>4.4 Combined Shear, Compression and bending</b>					
Check: $f_a/F_a + f_b/F_b + (f_s/F_s)^2 \leq 1.0$					
i.e. $0.67 \leq 1.0$				PASS	